

NOAA SARP Integrating Climate Science into Local Planning

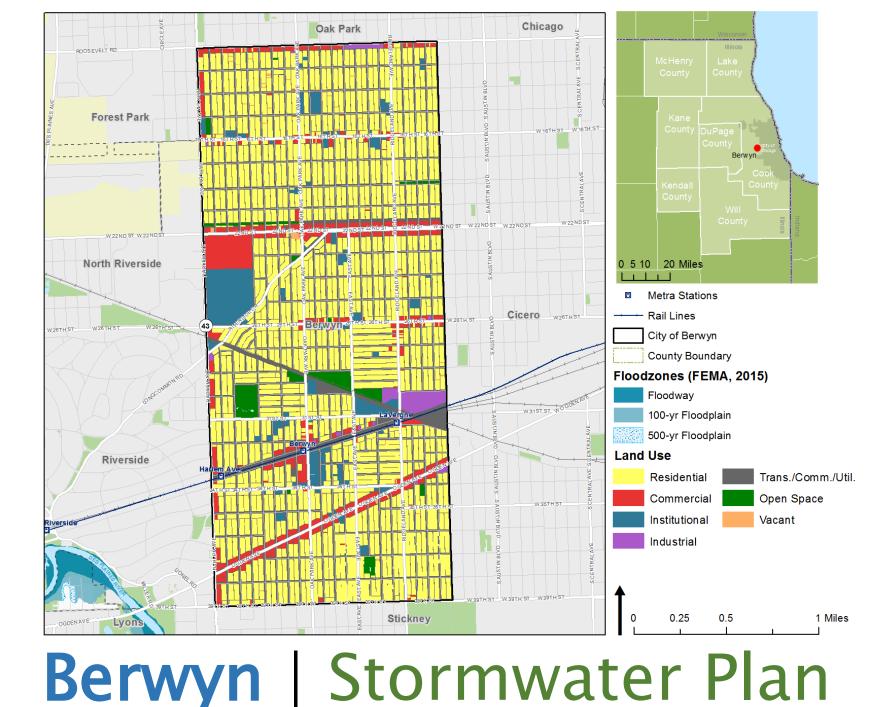
Environment and Natural Resources Committee January 4, 2018



- **Project**: Incorporating Local Climate Science to Help Communities Plan for Climate Extremes
- Partners: American Planning Association (APA), Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (CMAP) and University of Illinois
- Goals
 - Organize an advisory committee
 - Identify five pilot communities
 - Develop data analysis tools
 - Provide direct planning support
 - Prepare a wide variety of capacity-building climate resilience planning resources

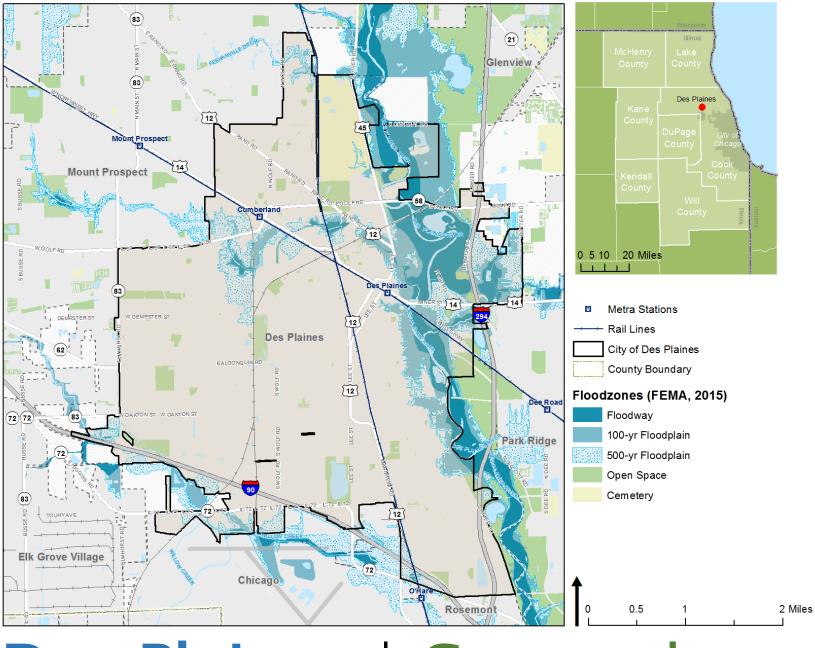


Local Technical Assistance | Pilot Communities



Issue: Urban flooding

Goals: Use stormwater analysis and prior plans to recommend citywide policies and green infrastructure siting and concepts

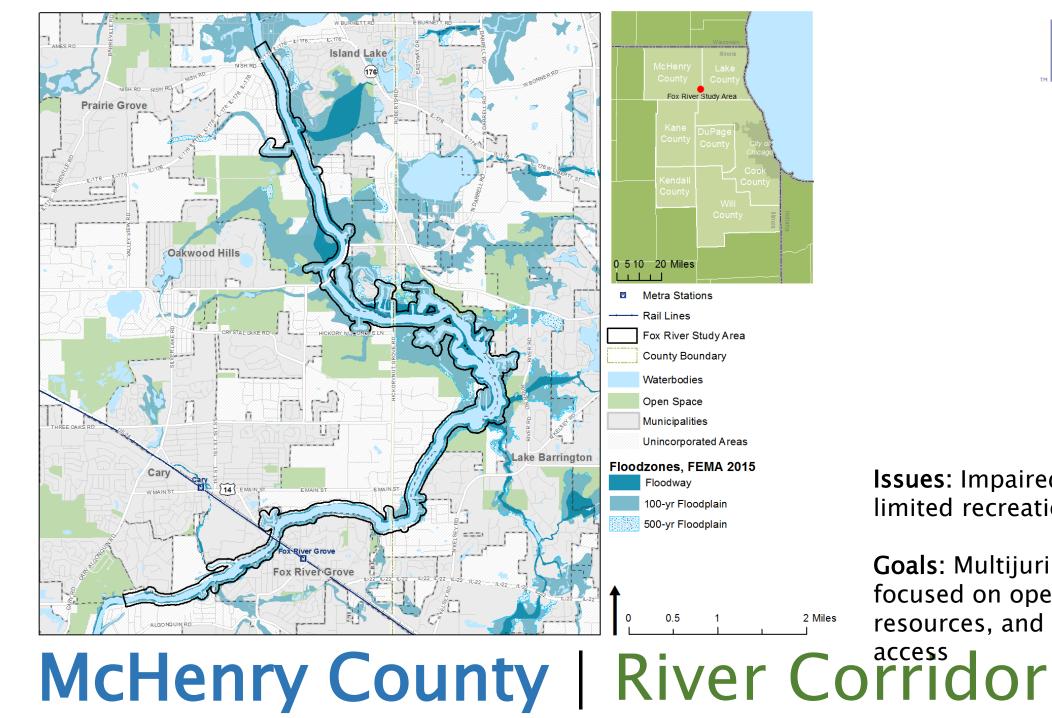




Issues: Riverine and urban flooding

Goals: Integrate stormwater analysis into land use, housing, open space, and transportation recommendations in comprehensive plan

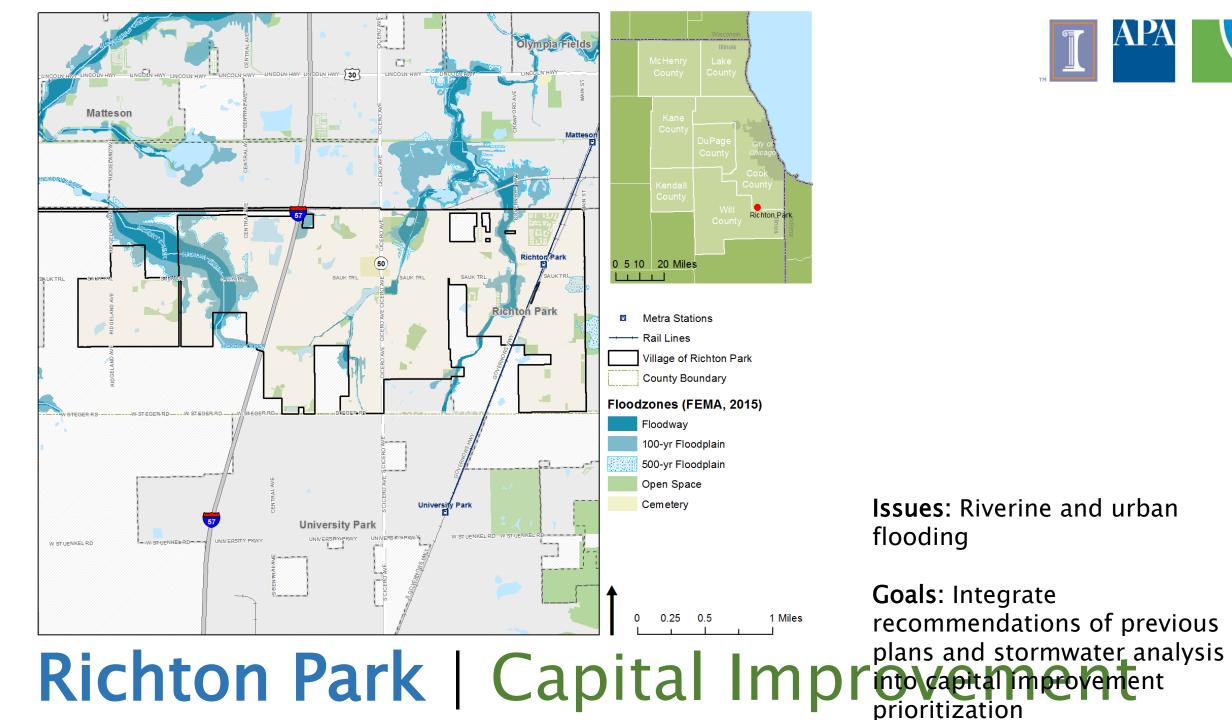
Des Plaines | Comprehensive plan





Issues: Impaired water quality, limited recreational access

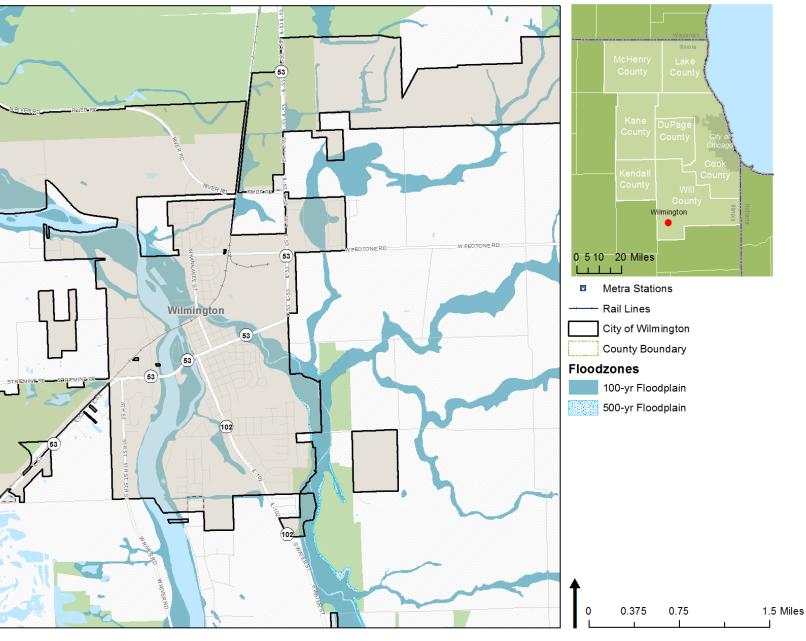
Goals: Multijurisdictional plan focused on open space, natural resources, and multi-modal





Issues: Riverine and urban flooding

Goals: Integrate recommendations of previous prioritization





Issues: Riverine flooding

Goals: Integrate flood hazard planning into plan to enhance downtown streetscape and boost economic development

Wilmington | Downtown Plan

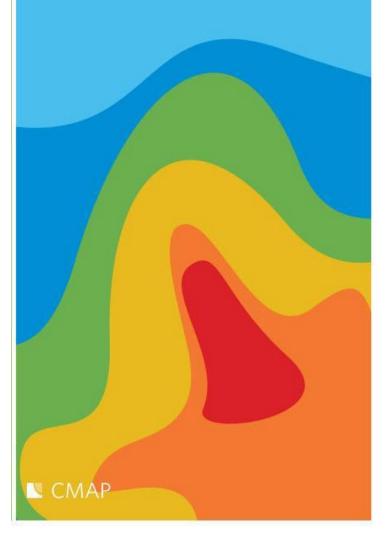
Climate Resilience



APA

The ability for the region and its communities to prepare for and recover from acute shocks and chronic stresses and transform its infrastructure, natural systems, and social structures to be more responsive.

Climate Resilience

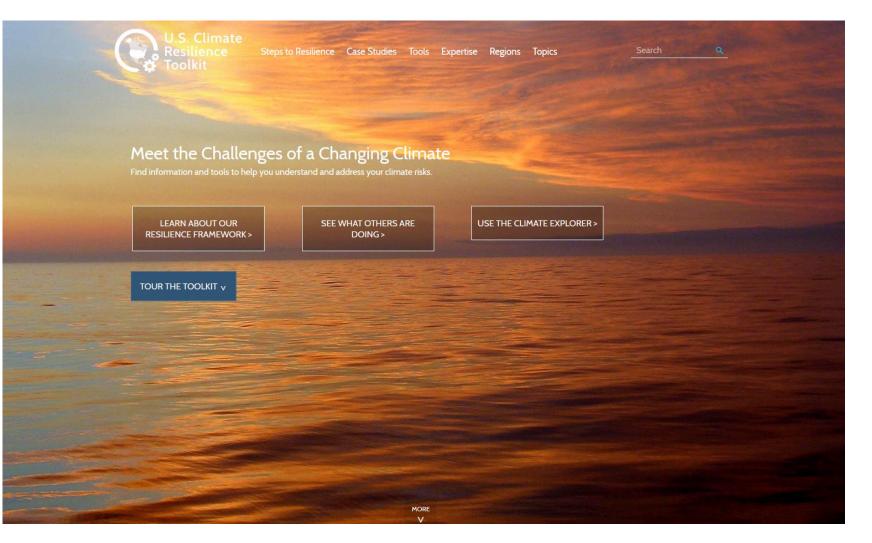


I APA

Climate data can help local plans

- Site critical facilities
- Plan for transportation impacts
- Assess vulnerable populations
- Prioritize capital investments





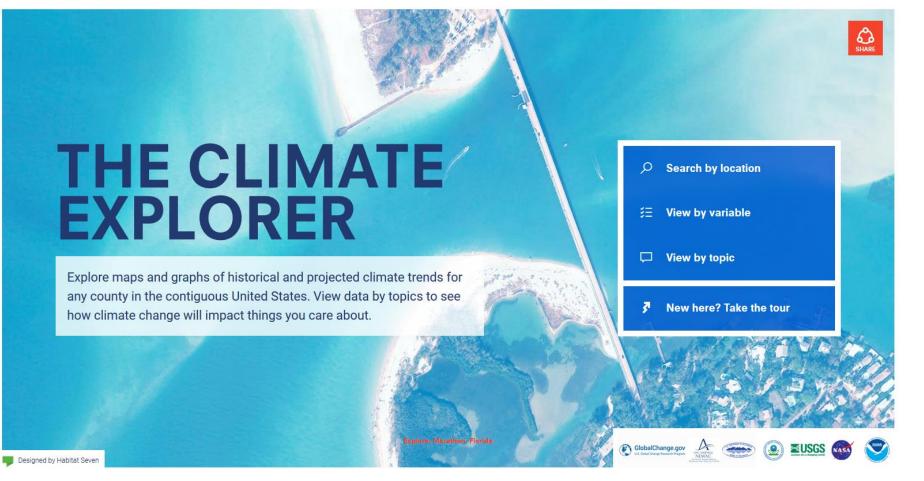
https://toolkit.climate.gov/

NOAA | U.S. Climate Resilience





Tour This Page About Definitions Credits



NOAA | Climate Explorer



Temperature Chart: DuPage County ~ (?) How to read this 🛛 Image 🛄 Data Mean Daily Maximum Temperature 78 Mean Daily Maximum Temperature 77 76 75 Annual 74 Mean Daily Maximum Temperature (°F) 73 72 Monthly 71 70 Seasonal 69 68 67 Mean Daily Minimum Temperature hollom man ? 66 65 64 Days with Maximum Above 95°F ? 63 62 Days with Minimum Below 32°F 61 ? 60 59 58 57 56 Display: Actual 🚽 55 54 1950 1960 1970 1980 1990 2000 2010 2020 2030 2040 2050 2060 2070 2080 2090 Lower Emissions Higher Emission Historical լլ Medians Observations (Modeled) 2100 1950 **NOAA** | Climate Explorer

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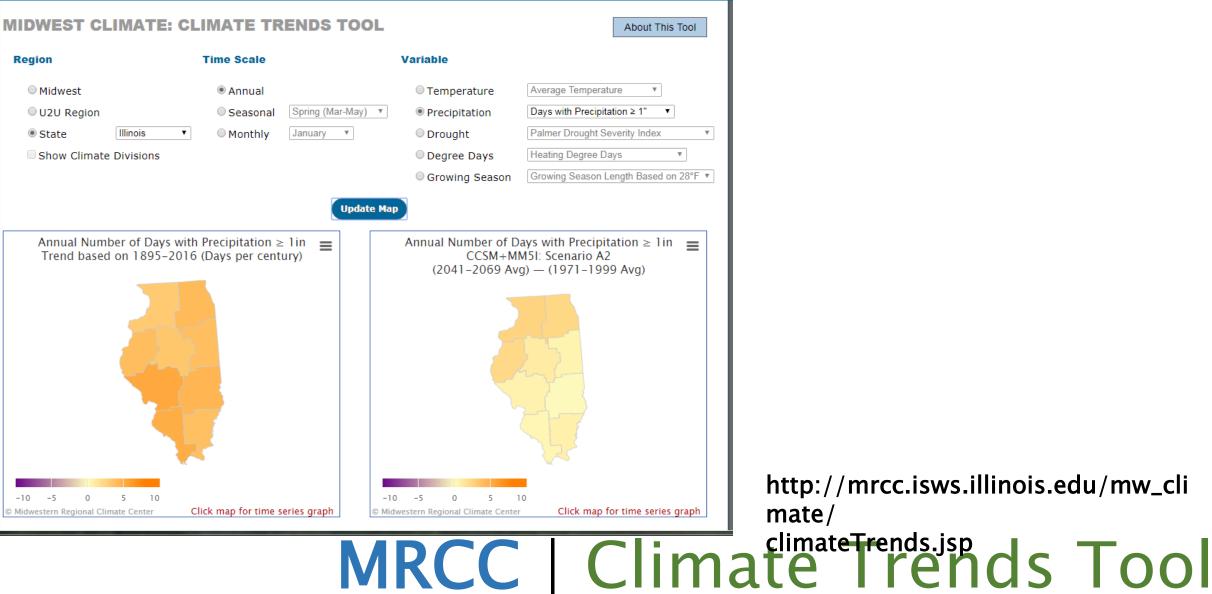


Precipitation Chart: DuPage County \sim (?) How to read this 🛛 Image 🛄 Data Mean Daily Precipitation 0.42 Mean Daily Precipitation 0.40 0.38 Annual 0.36 Mean Daily Average Precipitation (in/d) 0.34 Monthly 0.32 0.30 0.28 Seasonal 0.26 Days of Precipitation Above 1 Inch 0.24 ? 0.22 0.20 0.18 0.16 0.14 Actual -0.12 0.10 0.08 0.06 0.04 0.02 Oct Nov Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Dec Lower Emissions Higher Emissions Medians Observations 30 Years Centered in 2025 30 Years Centered in 2050 30 Years Centered in 2075

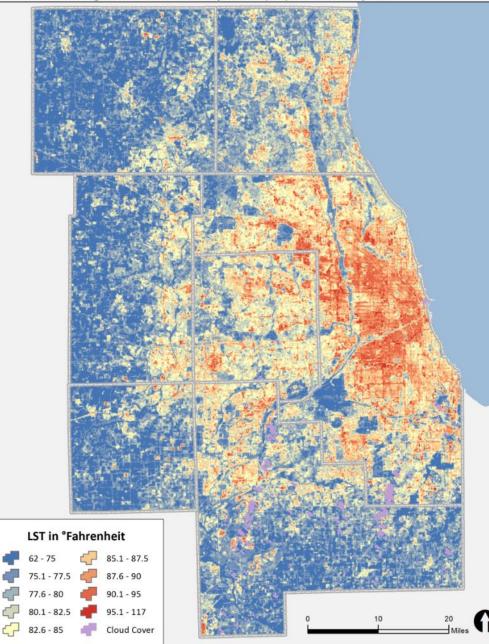
Display:

NOAA | Climate Explorer





Regional Land Surface Temperature (LST) Estimates: July 21, 2014



Source: CMAP analysis of USGS provisional Landsat 8 surface reflectance products (Band 10 Brightness Temperature, Normalized Difference Vegetation Index, and CFMask)



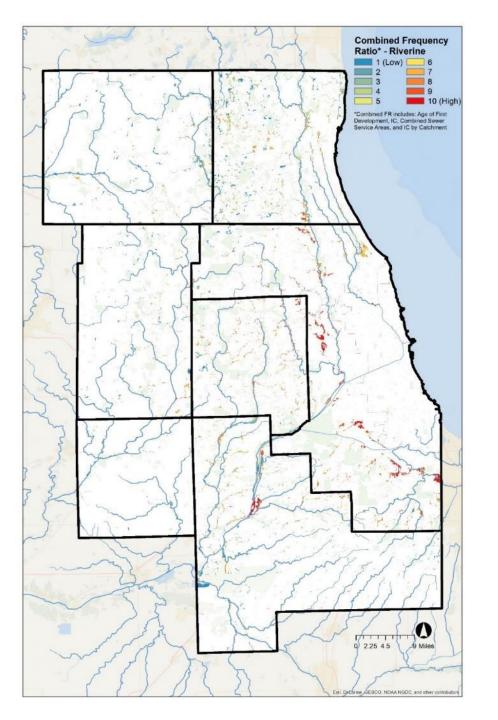
Data: Automated Land Surface Temperature Estimate

Source: CMAP Analysis of Landsat and U.S. Geological Survey data

(Available at https://datahub.cmap.illinois.gov/)

Subject: Shows relative land temperature and urban heat island effect

Heat Vulnerability



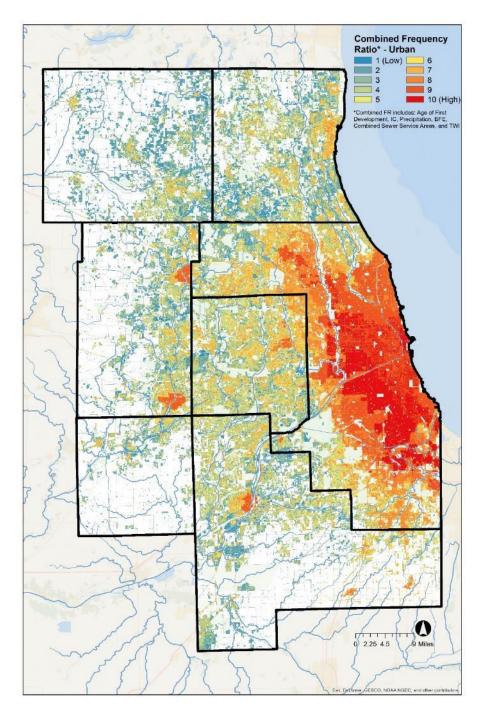


Data: Riverine Flooding Susceptibility Index

Source: CMAP analysis of flooding, land use, and geological data

Subject:Susceptibility to flooding for areas insidethe 100-yr FEMAfloodplain or MWRD 100-yr Inundation area

Riverine Flooding



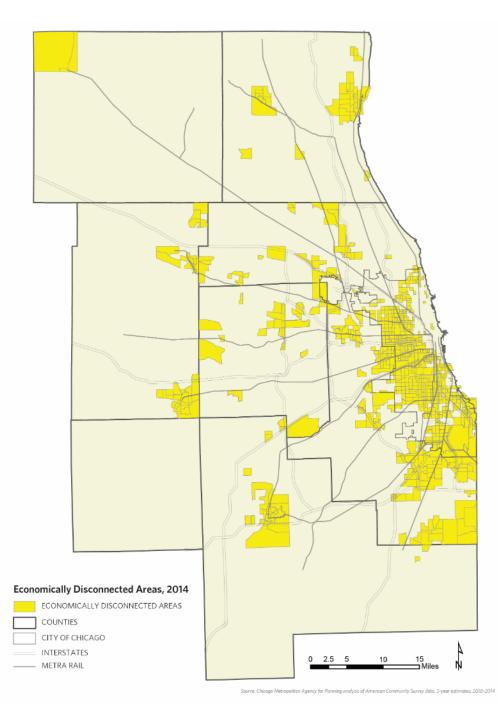


Data: Urban Flooding Susceptibility Index

Source: CMAP analysis of flooding, land use, and geological data

Subject:Susceptibility to flooding for areas outsidethe 100-yr FEMAfloodplain or MWRD 100-yr Inundation area

Urban Flooding



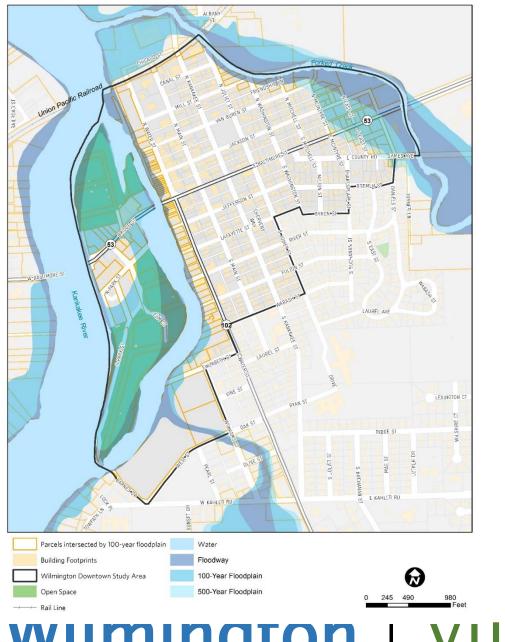


Social

Data: Economically Disconnected Areas in the Chicago Region

Source: CMAP Analysis of American Community Survey data

Subject: inequality Communities especially affected by





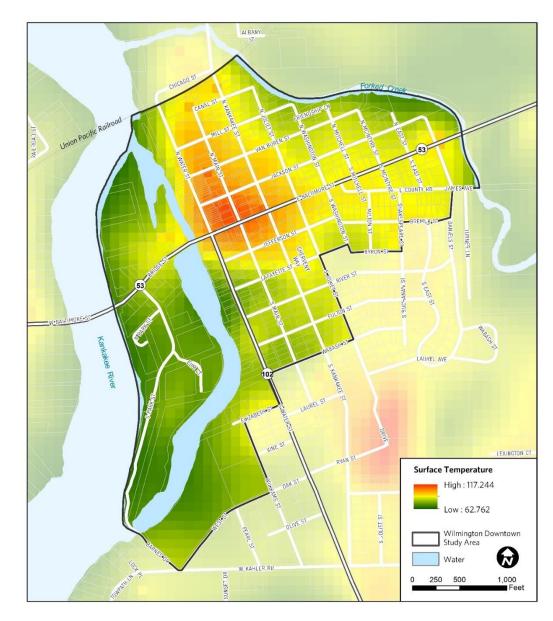
Key Findings

Climate and Natural Hazards

Vulnerability and Risk Assessment

- 1. Critical Infrastructure
- 2. Social Vulnerability
- **3. Economic Impacts**

winnington vulnerability Analysis





Key Findings

Climate and Natural Hazards

Vulnerability and Risk Assessment

- 1. Critical Infrastructure
- 2. Social Vulnerability
- 3. Economic Impacts

Wilmington | Vulnerability Analysis



Remaining Steps

- Complete pilot vulnerability assessments
- Develop data tool and guidebook
- Webinar series
- **Conference sessions**