

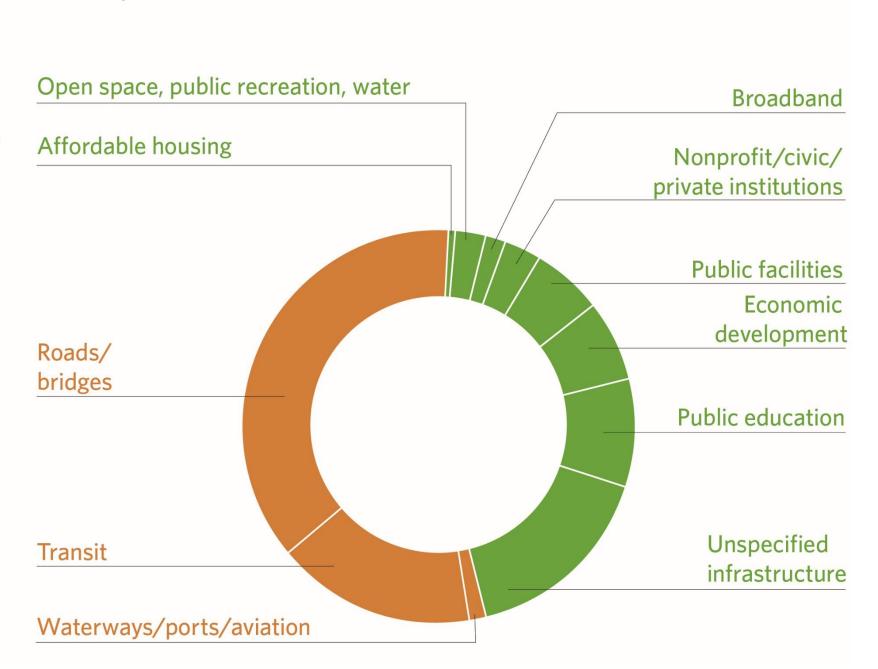
Rebuild Illinois Capital Funding Package

Freight Committee

September 16, 2019

Capital appropriations by type

Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of Public Act 101-0029.



Other infrastructure

Transportation infrastructure



Rebuild Illinois provides \$2.8 billion in annual state transportation revenues

State motor fuel tax

- Rate increased by 19 cents and indexed
- Diesel differential increased by 5 cents

Motor vehicle registration fees

- Increase of \$50 for passenger vehicles and \$100 for trucks
- Electric vehicles increased from \$17.50 to \$251

Increased certificate of title fees, salvage fees

Shifted sales tax from motor fuel sales from General Funds to Road Fund



Trucking Impacts

Diesel Tax

	Previously	Currently
Base rate	19 cpg	38 cpg (indexed)
Diesel differential	2.5 cpg	7.5 cpg (not indexed)
Total Rate	21.5 cpg	45.5 cpg

Truck registrations

\$100 flat increase for all trucks greater than 8,000 lbs

Commercial Distribution Fee repealed



Distribution of new revenues by revenue source

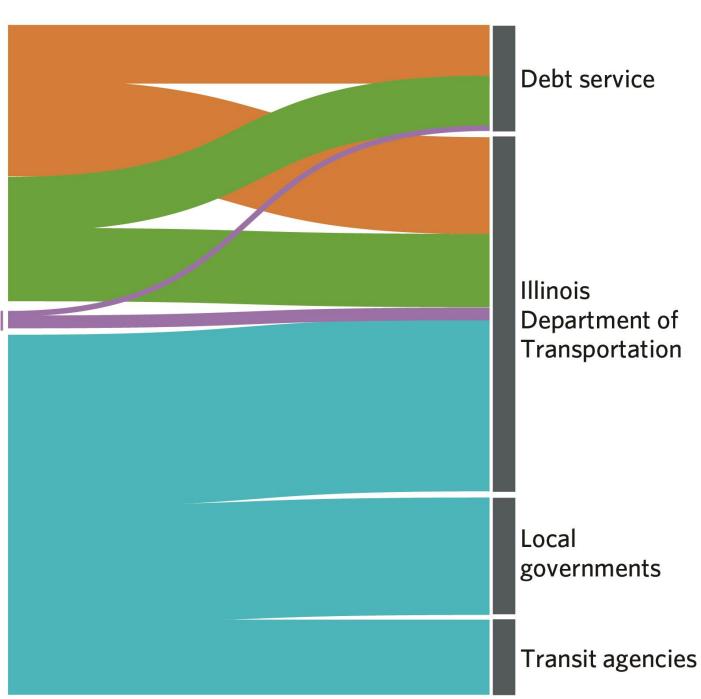
Note: The dollar figures are estimated revenues in the first full year of implementation, 2020, except for the sales tax generated by motor fuel sales, which will not be fully implemented until 2026. The distribution estimates represent projected amounts between 2020-50.

Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of Public Act 101-0032. Motor vehicle registration and other fees \$680 million

Sales tax generated from motor fuel sales \$800 million

Diesel differential increase \$90 million

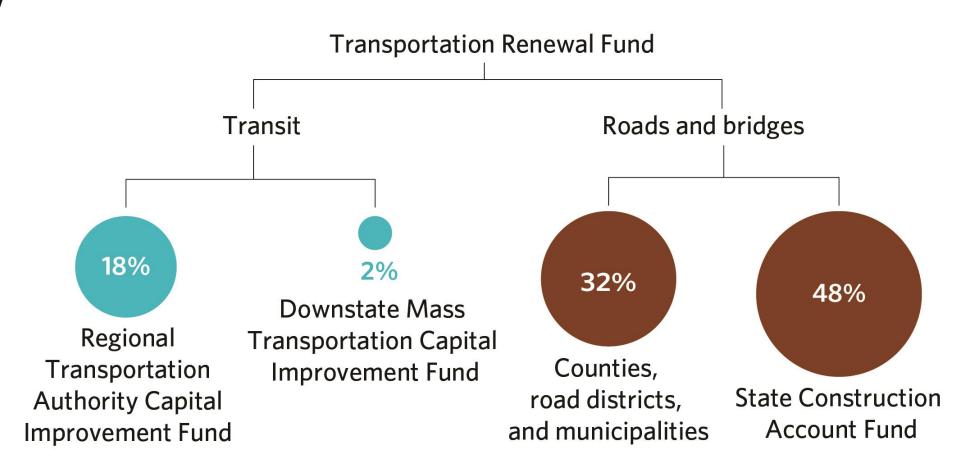
State motor fuel tax increase and rate index \$1.2 billion



Distribution of Illinois' 19-cent motor fuel tax increase

Note: Percentages represent the portion of \$1.2 billion in anticipated new annual motor fuel tax revenue.

Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of Public Act 101-0032.





Uses of new transportation revenues

ON TO 2050 implementation

Some support for Regionally Significant Projects

Support for freight, transit, bicycle, and pedestrian improvements

Did not require the use of performance criteria for project selection

Significant opportunities to program unallocated funding based on performance criteria

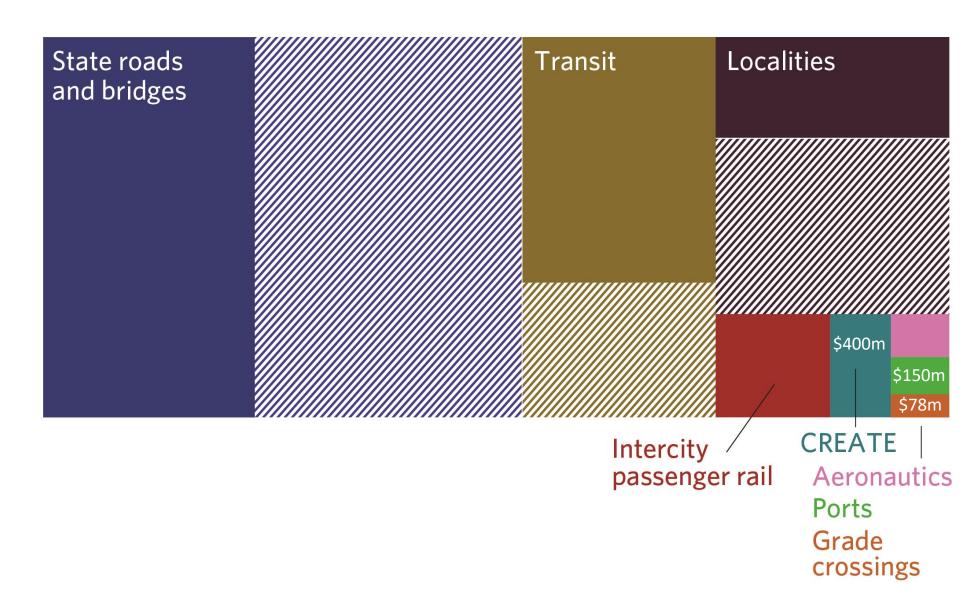


Uses of new transportation funding, 2020-25

New revenues

Bonds

Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of Public Act 101-0029 and Public Act 101-0032.



Regionally Significant Projects

With strong freight connection:

I-80: \$848m appropriated, additional ~\$300m committed

CREATE/75th St. CIP: \$400m

BRC Alternative Alignment between 63rd and 65th: \$150m

US-12/95th St: \$92m

Appropriations for major transportation projects

- Regionally Significant Projects (RSPs) not appropriated funding
- RSPs appropriated funding
- Projects appropriated funding that meet RSP threshold but not currently constrained

Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of Public Act 101-0032.



www.cmap.illinois.gov/onto2050 Jeff Schnobrich JSchnbrich@cmap.lllinois.gov

Revenues from state motor fuel tax (MFT) or road usage charge (RUC), in billions

Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Corporate Average Fuel Economy Fact Sheets; Illinois Department of Transportation data; 2009 National Household Travel Survey data.

