

MOVING WILL COUNTY

TRUCK ROUTING + LAND USE







Project Overview

- Build on the recommendations of the Will County Community Friendly Freight Mobility Plan.
- Provide recommendations for an improved truck route network in western Will County, with capital improvements identified.
- Identify strategies to avoid, minimize and, if necessary, mitigate impacts, particularly in Economically Disconnected Areas.
- Ensure a balance between economic development, natural resource protection, multi-modal connections, congestion relief, and quality of life/community character goals.







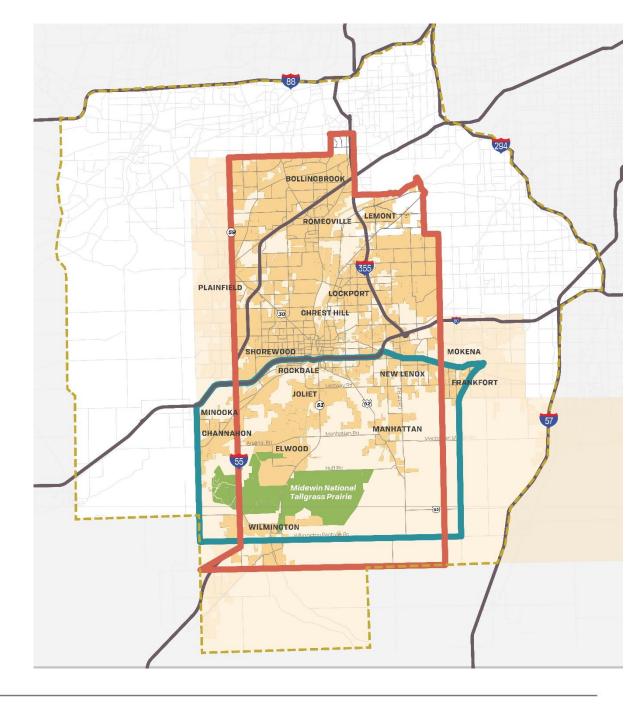


Study Area



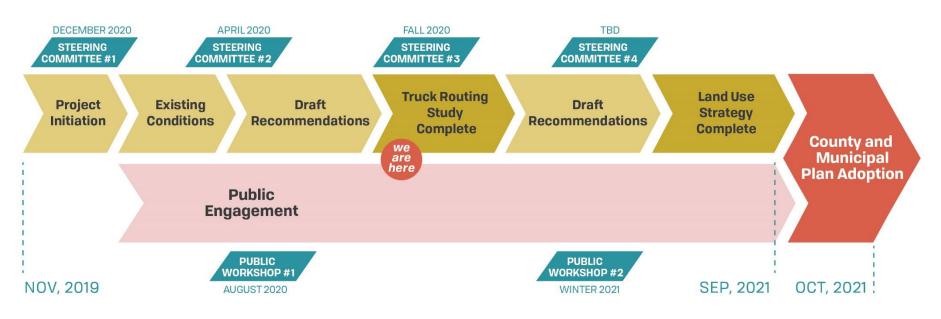
TRANSPORTATION AND LAND USE STRATEGY STUDY AREA

LARGER TRANSPORTATION NETWORK TO CONSIDER



Plan Process Timeline

MOVING WILL COUNTY TIMELINE



- Project began in November 2019
- First Steering Committee meeting in December 2019
- Second Steering Committee meeting in April 2020
- Truck Routing Public Workshop Summer
 2020

- Third Steering Committee meeting in October 2020
- Land Use Public Workshop Winter 2021
- Final Steering Committee meeting Winter 2021
- Adoption in October 2021

Draft Truck Routing Recommendations

As identified in the Will County Community Friendly Freight Mobility Plan, the lack of a continuous system of designated truck routes in the region causes safety and quality of life concerns for local communities.

- Proactively designating Class II truck routes helps to ensure that trucks travel where local communities want them to travel.
- One benefit of formal classification is that these routes will be reflected in truck navigation/GPS
- An interconnected network of truck routes in the study area meets the following goals:
 - Connects major truck trip generators, such as intermodal yards and major industrial facilities, to the arterial network and Interstate system
 - Provides access for larger trucks that are critical to economic activity
 - Establishes a framework consistent with recent changes in state law



Draft Truck Routing Recommendations:

Entire Study Area

Existing Class I & Class II:

Short-Term Class II:

Currently undesignated or restricted to trucks. Recommended to be designated Class II truck routes within 5 years

Long-Term Class II:

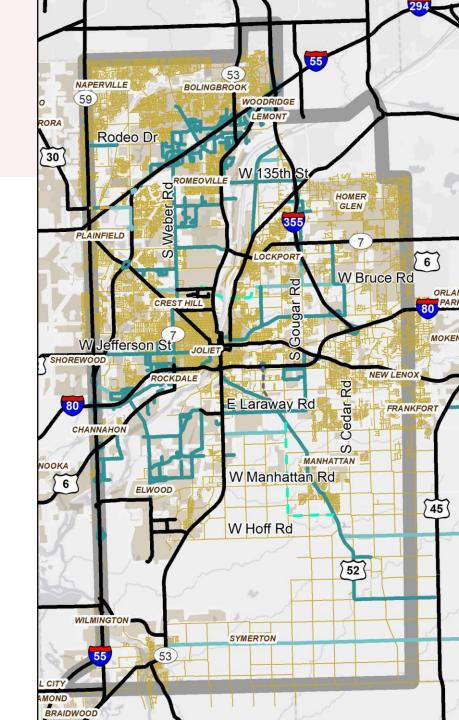
Currently undesignated or restricted to trucks. Recommended to be designated Class II truck routes beyond the next 5 years. Long term routes will need additional investment.

Truck Not Preferred:

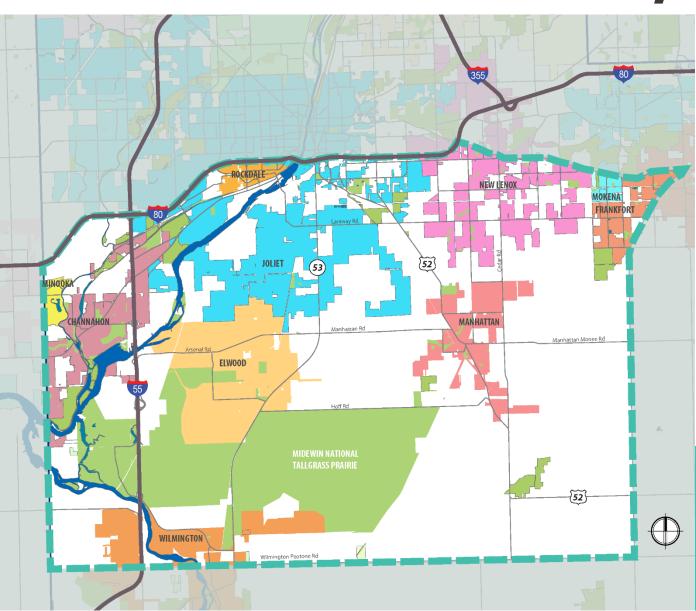
Includes roads that would be either undesignated or restricted to trucks under current statutory framework. Most are local roads in residential or agricultural areas.

Other route types: Conceptual alignment for long-term Class II, Scheduled for Construction, Undetermined

These were informed by truck performance data, existing land use analysis, and stakeholder engagement.



Land Use Plan Study Area



AN OPPORTUNITY TO CREATE ONE COHESIVE LAND USE PLAN TO GUIDE FUTURE GROWTH

There are over

167 square miles

approx. of unincorporated land (shown in white) within the overall study area.

Today, the Will County Land Resource Management Plan (LRMP) and local Comprehensive Plans regulate future land uses in these areas.

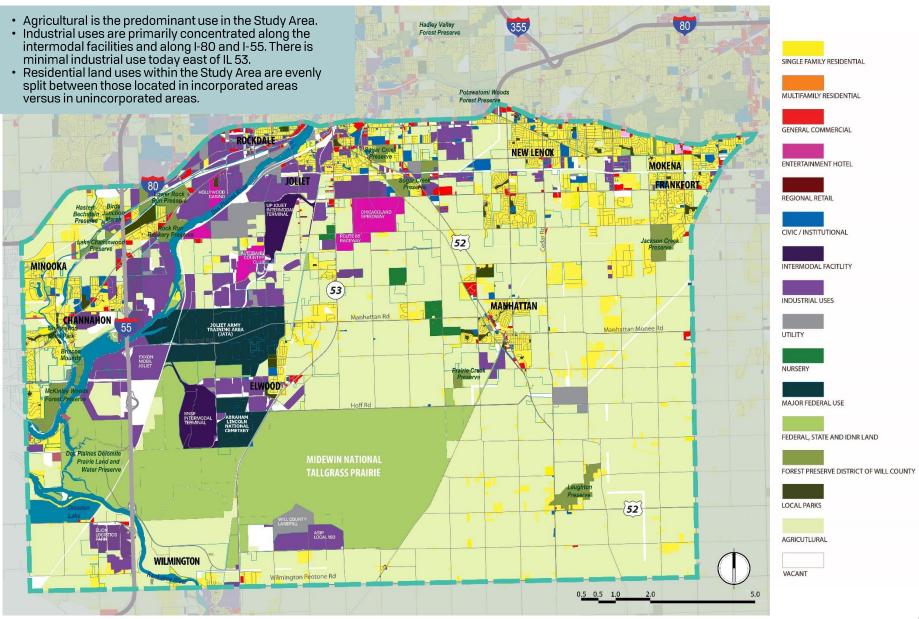
Many of these plans are over ten years old and do not reflect the changing trends in housing, commercial and industrial markets.

CURRENT **COMPREHENSIVE PLANS** WILL COUNTY (LRMP) ELWOOD MANHATTAN CHANNAHON MINOOKA **NEW LENOX** FRANKFORT **MOKENA** ROCKDALE

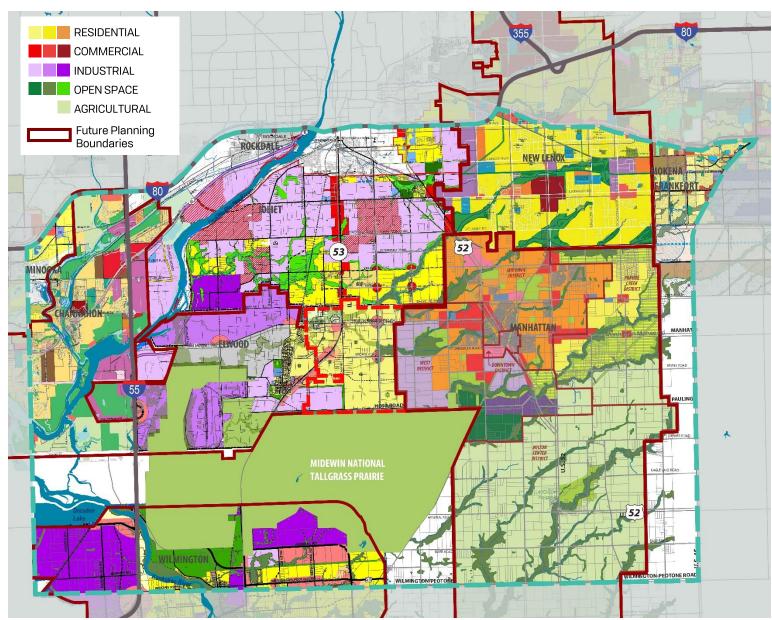
YEAR ADOPTED / 2002, UPDATED 2011 2007 (SOUTH SIDE PLAN) 2007 2007 2008 **UNDERWAY RFP ISSUED** 2018 **UNDERWAY**

NOT AVAILABLE

Summary Map of Existing Land Uses



Combined Local Future Land Use Maps



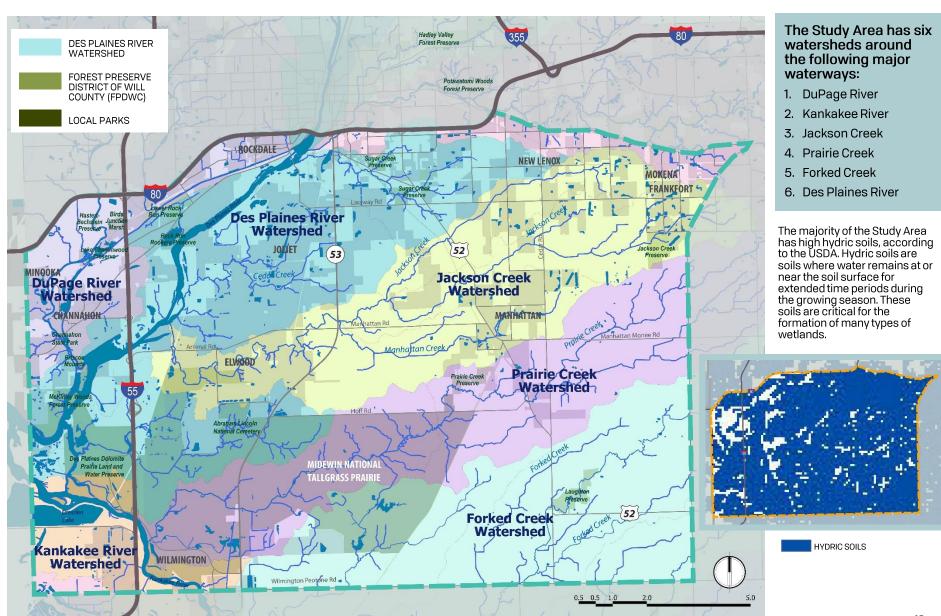
- Significant land is allocated to low density housing and industrial uses.
- · Commercial uses are generally envisioned along major arterials.
- · Industrial uses are primarily along I-55, the Des Plaines River and the Intermodals.
- · Agricultural uses are envisioned generally in the southeast part of the Study Area.
- · All plans generally envision preserving creekways and floodplains.

YEAR OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN ADOPTION

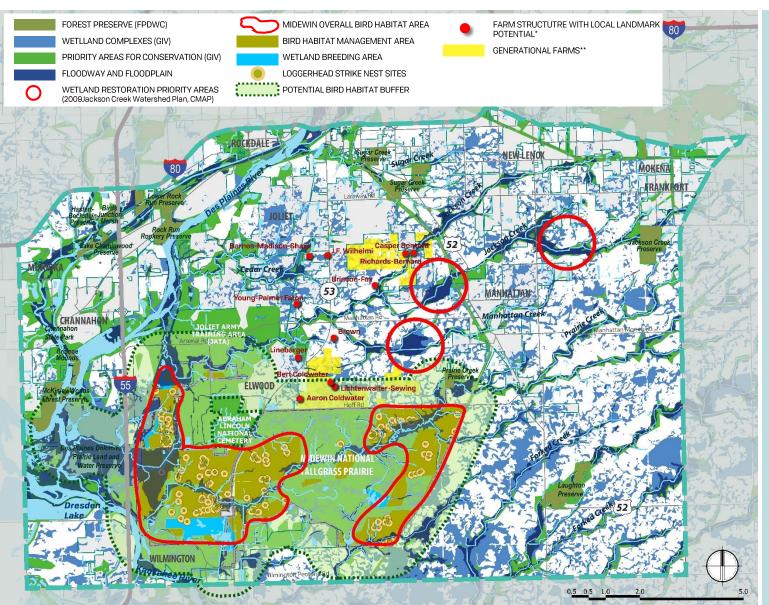
- WILL COUNTY: 2002, 2011 **UPDATE**
- JOLIET: 2007
- ELWOOD: 2007
- MANHATTAN: 2007
- NEW LENOX: 2018
- MOKENA: 2002
- FRANKFORT: 2019
- WILMINGTON: 2008
- CHANNAHON: 2019
- MINOOKA: 2013
- ROCKDALE: NA

*This map is a compilation of all the plans listed above.

Existing Watersheds



Major Existing Natural Resources



The Study Area has major open space resources that are protected under Federal, State or Local jurisdiction.

Areas that are not protected and could be impacted by new development include:

- Wetlands, particularly the 3 areas identified by the 2009 CMAP Jackson Creek Study
- Creekways,
 Floodplains,
 Floodways, and
 Fish Habitat
- Bird Habitat in the Midewin from potential increase in noise pollution from surrounding areas

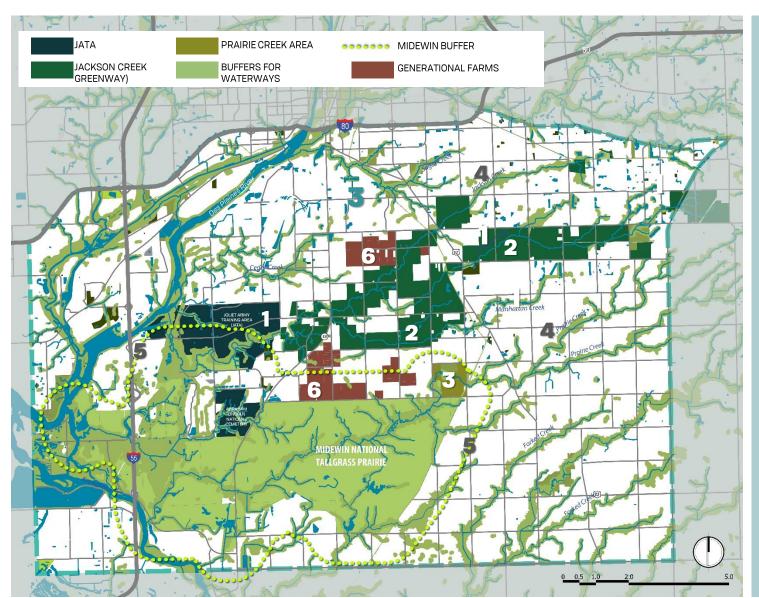
Table 1: Criteria for Selection of Preservation Areas

	SELE	CTION CRITERIA	JATA	JACKSON CREEK GREENWAY	0.122.1	FLOODPLAIN BUFFERS		GENERATIONAL FARMS
1	CONN	ECTIVITY Creates continuity in the open space network and provides missing links between public open spaces, multiuse trails and greenways.	√	✓	√	✓		
	٠	Protects existing and planned multiuse and water trail corridors and connections to the regional trails system.	✓	✓	✓	✓		
2	EQUIT	ABLE DISTRIBUTION Ensures that existing developed areas and areas intended for future growth are equitably served with public open spaces.	√	√	√	~		
3	WATE	R RESOURCES Protects floodplains, waterways, wetlands and hydric soils as important natural resources and habitat corridors.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	•	Protects public water supply sources including surface water intakes/groundwater wells and capture zones that have a high potential for groundwater recharge.	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓
		Protects water-based recreation including swimming, boating, fishing, canoeing and kayaking.	√	√	✓	✓		
5	NATU	RE & HABITAT	,	√	√		√	
	ľ	Protects areas that have known occurrences of threatened and endangered species, critical habitat areas and areas that are critical to maintaining local biodiversity.	✓	*	~	V	~	
	١.	Creates uninterrupted habitat corridors to benefit wildlife.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
6		CULTURE						
		Preserves farmland to maintain Will County's rural character, a critical goal of the 2011 Will County Land Resource Management Plan (LMRP).					√	√
	•	Protects prime farmland and soils of statewide significance to preserve lands that have the physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed forage, fiber and oilseed crops.					✓	√
7	HISTO	RY & CULTURE Protects historic resources, rural structures and archaeological resources as identified in national, county, state and/or local registers, surveys or plans.	✓	~	✓	✓	✓	*

Table 1: Criteria for Selection of Preservation Areas (contd.)

		SELECTION CRITERIA	JATA	JACKSON CREEK GREENWAY	0.1	FLOODPLAIN BUFFERS	MIDEWIN BUFFER	GENERATIONAL FARMS
8		VISUAL RESOURCES, TOURISM & RECREATION Creates new opportunities for tourism and outdoor recreation and/or enhances existing destinations.	√	√	✓	✓	✓	✓
	ŀ	and byways and around scenic man-made and natural features.	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	E .	EXISTING OPEN SPACESIncreases the area, diversity, linkage, or management opportunities of an existing public open space.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√
	ľ	Creates a buffer to protect habitats, plant life, water resources and other natural features of existing public open spaces.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
100		Does the site's current and past use pose potential for hazardous waste, contaminated soils and water, debris, garbage, and/or other health risk factors? Do adjacent land uses, zoning and development character pose any negative impacts? Are there any existing long-term leases, licenses, and/or easements that may inhibit restoration, development, or management of the site? What degree of effort is necessary to restore and/or maintain the natural resources of the site? To what degree does the site's physical features support public access and recreational facilities?	These site-specific criteria can be evaluated in future plans once the selection of the preservation areas is finalized.					
11	F	PREVIOUS PLANS Are there previous plans that support the preservation / protection of the area?	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓
12	•	 Does the area have expressed support or opposition from local and regional planners, elected officials, interest groups, adjacent landowners, and partnerships? 	To be completed after Steering Committee Feedback					

Proposed Preservation Areas Map



Recommended Preservation Areas

- 1. Joliet Army Training Area (JATA)
- 2. Jackson Creek Greenway
- 3. Prairie Creek Area
- 4. Floodplain Buffers
- 5. Midewin Buffer
- 6. Generational Farms

This initial draft list reflects stakeholder feedback to date and recommendations from previous plans by county, local or other agencies.

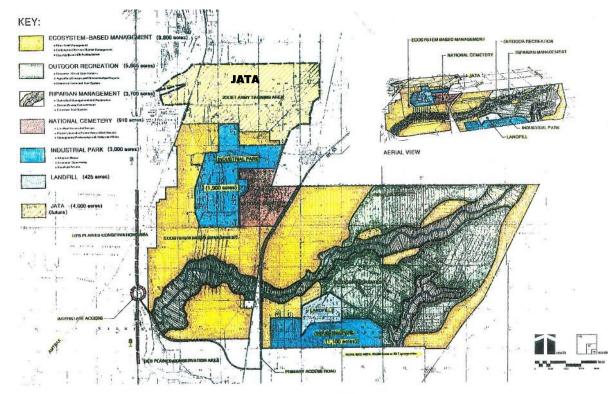
1. Joliet Army Training Area (JATA)





1995 Land Use Plan Map

1995 Openlands Land Use Concept Plan



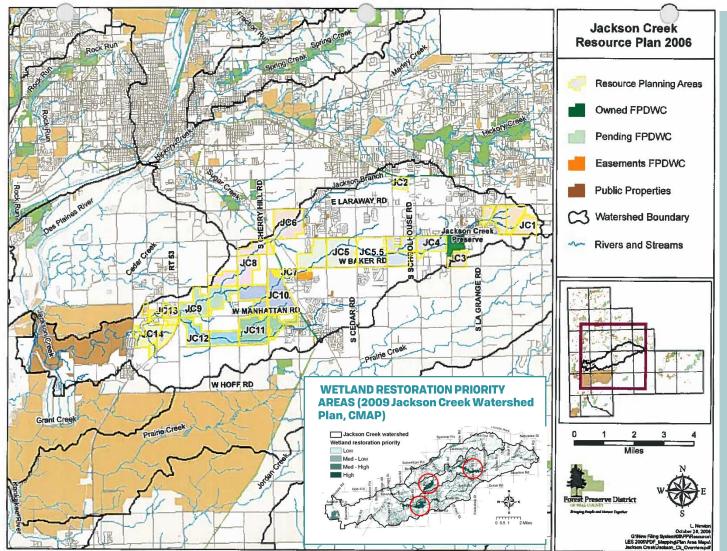
Arsenal Land Use Concept (Incorporated into U.S.F.S. Report)

Arsenal Land Use Concept
PRAIRIE PARKLANDS MACROSITE
Joliet Arsenal Citizen Planning Commission
Congressman George E. Sangmeister, Chairman

The 1995 Illinois Land
Conservation Act (federal
statute) captured the intent
for JATA to be transferred
to the Secretary of
Agriculture for
management by the Forest
Service as an addition to
the Midewin National
Tallgrass Prairie.

- JATA is designated as "Public Open Space" and an extension of the Midewin in the 2011 Will County LRMP
- JATA was chosen by IDNR as a "Conservation Opportunity Area"
- JATA is designated by the National Audubon Society as an "Important Bird Area."

2. Jackson Creek Greenway 2006 Jackson Creek Resource Plan, FPDWC



Goals of the 2006 Plan

- Protect a continuous greenway of open space to preserve the floodplain. hydric soils, water quality, and cultural resources.
- Provide for a trail connection between Old Plank Road Trail and Wauponsee Glacial Trail.

The greenway would include the three Wetland Restoration Priority Areas recommended by the 2009 Jackson Creek Watershed Plan.

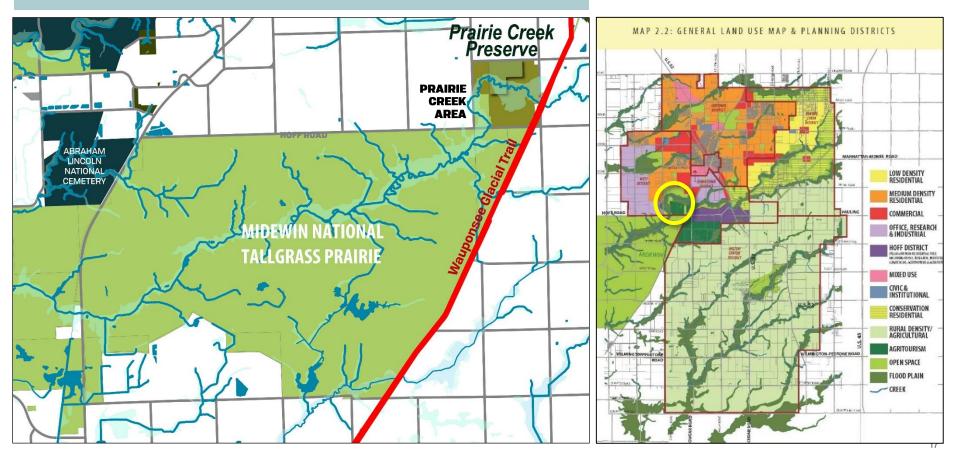
The plan looked at 14 areas (J1 –J14 on map) that could be potentially be acquired or preserved to create a continuous public greenway.

Source: Will County (FPDWC)

3. Prairie Creek Area north of Hoff Road

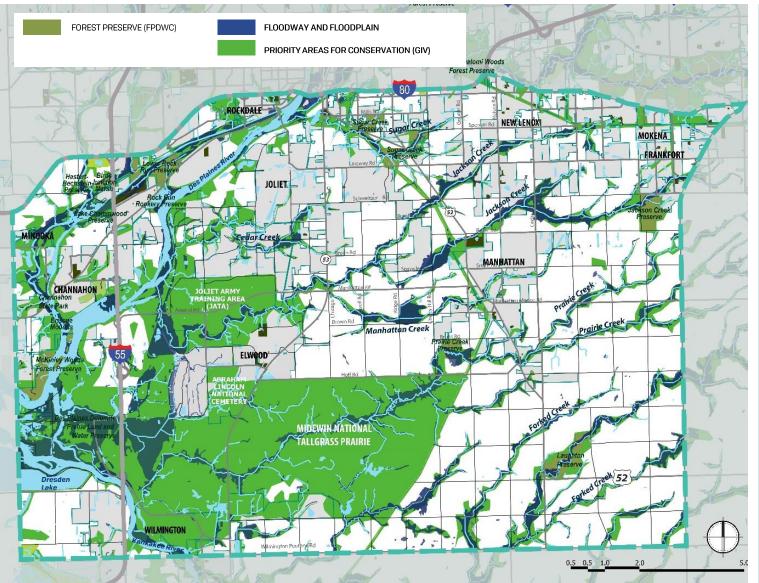
This one square mile area (640 acres) is located to the northeast of Midewin across Hoff Road. Prairie Creek Preserve (118 acres), owned by the FPDWC, anchors the north end of the area. Midewin also owns approximately 75 acres along the western part of the area. 450 acres would need to be acquired to preserve the entire section.

The area has significant wetlands and floodplains and is adjacent to the Wauponsee Glacial Trail. The 2007 Comprehensive Plan for the Village of Manhattan designated this area for open space and preservation, as shown in map below.



4. Buffers for Waterways

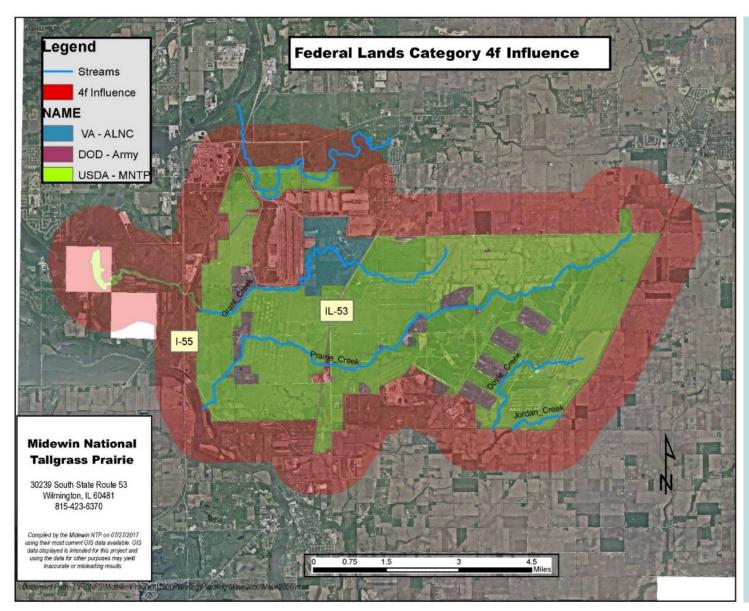
Waterways in the study area include Des Plaines, Kankakee and DuPage Rivers, and Sugar, Cedar, Jackson, Manhattan, Prairie and Forked creeks.



Protection of waterway corridors with a buffer is identified as Initiative #2 in the 2011 Will County LRMP.

- Manhattan's 2003
 Ordinance
 requires a 35'
 strip of native
 vegetation along
 the banks of
 Manhattan Creek.
- Joliet's 2007
 Ordinance
 requires a 25'
 buffer to protect
 the Cedar Creek,
 Sugar Creek,
 Jackson Creek
 and Jackson
 Branch
 Watersheds.

5. Midewin Buffer

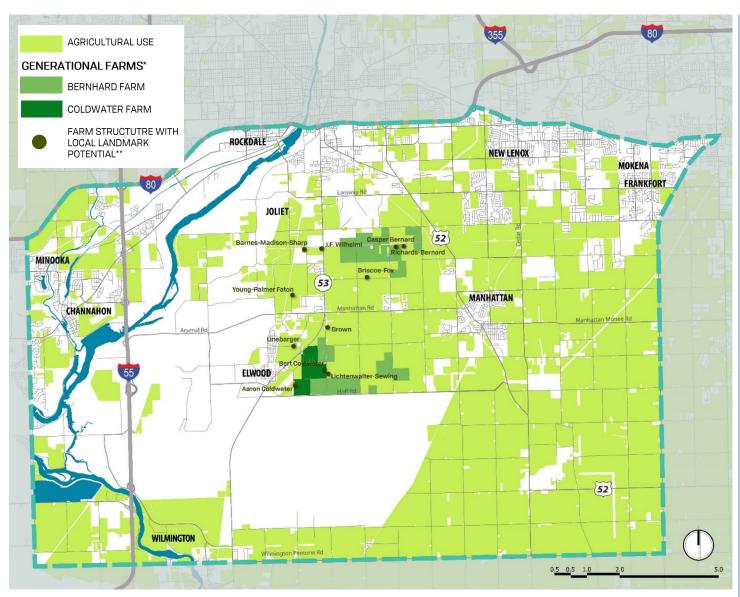


The Midewin
National Tallgrass
Prairie is host to a
large variety of bird
species and
habitats.

A potential perimeter buffer of approx. 1,200m or .75 miles has been suggested by the Midewin per USDOT's Section 4f Act.

The primary goal for the buffer will be to protect bird habitats from encroaching development, traffic movement and noise.

6. Generational Farms



Generational farms and farmsteads are identified as "Historically Significant" by the 2009 Will County Rural Historic Structure Survey.

Farmland protection is identified as a critical element in the 2011 Will County LRMP.
Recommended actions include:

- Designated
 Agricultural
 Preservation Areas
- Land Evaluation Site Assessment System
- Right-to-farm ordinance
- Farmland preservation through use of conservation development options.
- Purchase of Agricultural Conservation Easements Program.

Data sources: * Parcel information provided by Jackson Township, **2009 Rural Historic Structure Survey, Jackson Township CMAP Land Use, 2015; Satellite Imagery, 2017. Note: The CMAP 2015 Land Use Inventory data used in this analysis is draft data.

Land Use Scenario Process & Goals

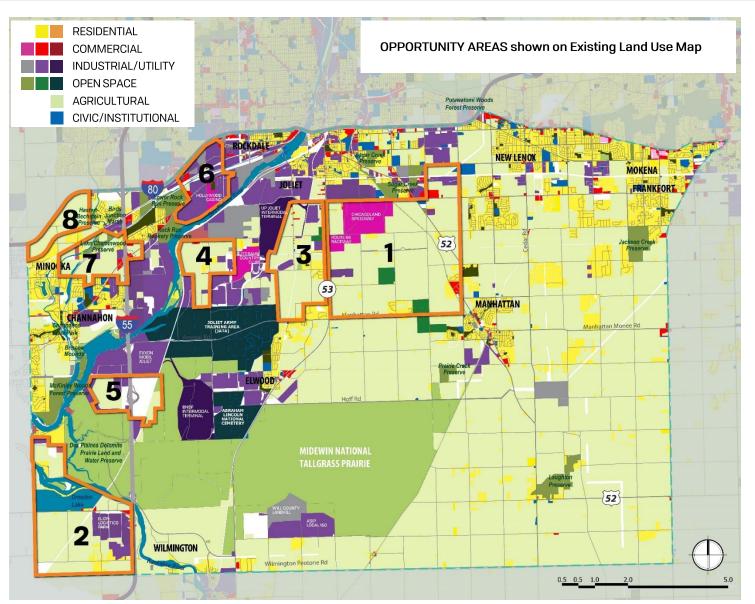
THREE MAJOR GOALS

- 1. CREATE A PLACE-BASED
 ANALYTICAL TOOL that ties
 truck routing
 recommendations to potential
 land use impacts.
- 2. CREATE A DYNAMIC TOOL that can change as the truck routing recommendations continue to evolve.
- 3. CREATE A CONSENSUS
 BUILDING TOOL that allows
 stakeholders to select
 preferred elements from each
 scenario.

ONE LENS FOR ALL SCENARIOS: RECOMMENDED TRUCK ROUTES



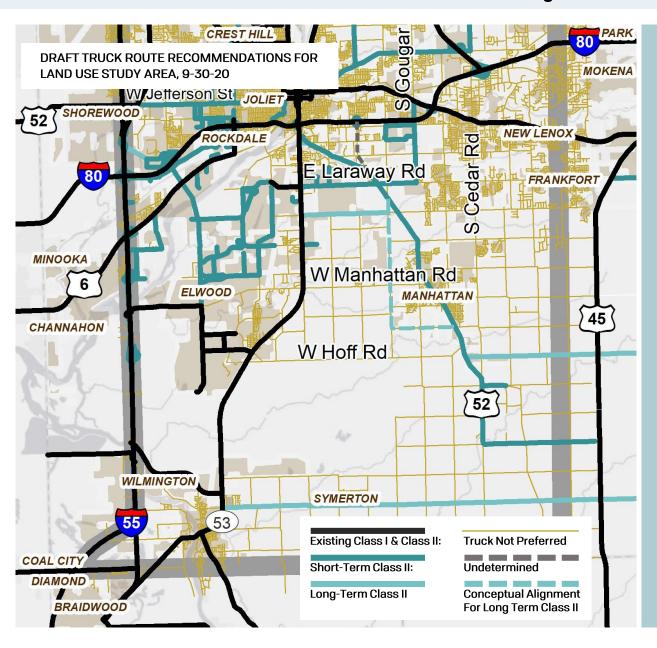
GOAL 1: CREATE A PLACE BASED TOOL for 8 Major Opportunity Areas



CRITERA FOR OPPORTUNITY AREAS

- Proximity to major transportation corridors, including I-55, I-80 and IL 53.
- Proximity to major economic anchors
- Significant contiguous land for new development and infill opportunities
- Proximity to existing municipal incorporated areas and existing infrastructure
- Potential to protect
 waterways, including
 Jackson Creek, Des
 Plaines River and
 DuPage River, and other
 natural resources
- Opportunities to implement Forest Preserve District of Will County (FPDWC) planned trail corridors, including the IL53, Jackson Creek and DuPage River trail corridors

GOAL 2: CREATE A DYNAMIC TOOL that can change as truck route recommendations change



Scenarios are based on the distinction between TRUCK ACCESS and TRUCK MOBILITY on recommended routes.

Access: Routes that would primarily provide direct access to adjacent parcels with industrial use.

Mobility: Routes that would primarily be for truck travel only and would not provide direct access to adjacent parcels with industrial use.

Scenario Assumptions:

SCENARIO A

Freight related uses are allowed on all parcels with frontage along all recommended truck routes.

SCENARIO B

Same as Scenario A, minus all parcels with frontage only on the long-term truck routes.

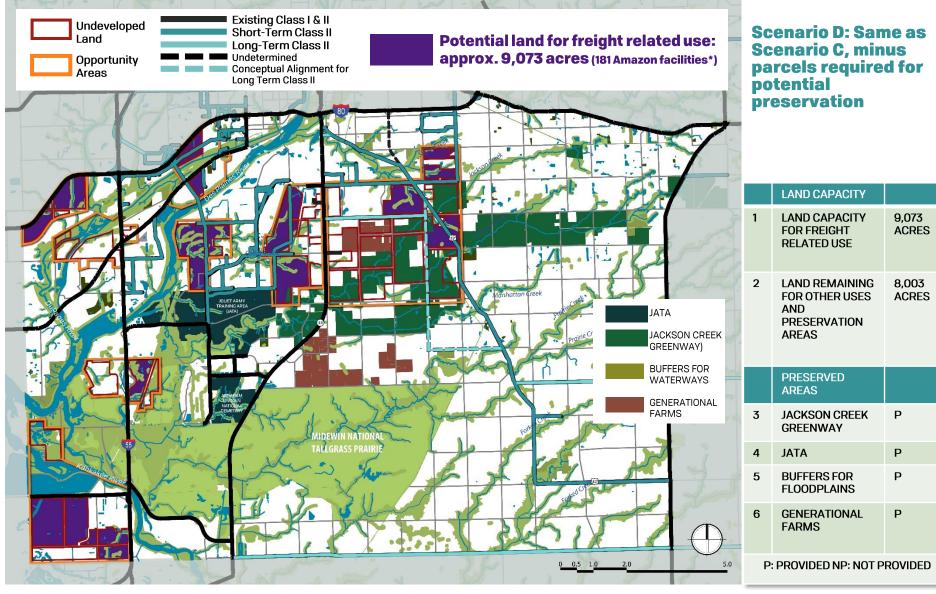
SCENARIO C

Same as Scenario B, minus parcels with frontage only along IL 53/Historic Route 66.

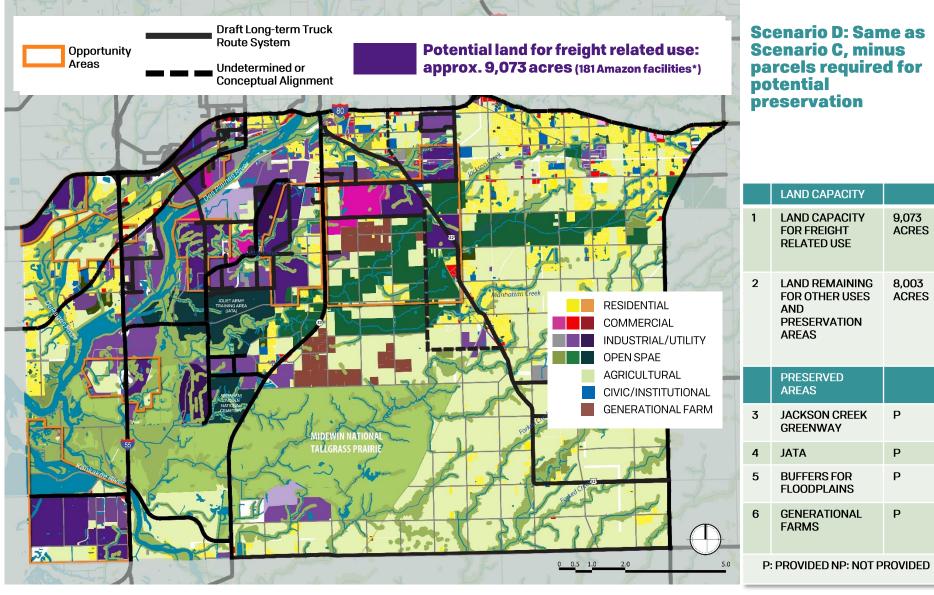
SCENARIO D

Same as Scenario C, minus parcels required for potential preservation

SCENARIO D showing potential freight related land capacity



SCENARIO D showing potential freight related land capacity plus existing land uses



SUMMARY TABLE FOR THE FOUR SCENARIOS

Industrial and freight

SCENARIO A

related uses are allowed on minus all parcels with parcels with frontage only minus parcels required for all parcels with frontage frontage only on the longalong IL 53/Historic Route potential preservation along all recommended term truck routes. 66 truck routes. This table offers a summary for the four scenarios and the two variables: Land Capacity and Preservation Areas. Each scenario is shown in greater detail on the following pages. **LAND CAPACITY** LAND CAPACITY FOR 13.311 ACRES 11.764 ACRES 10.392 ACRES 9.073 ACRES FREIGHT RELATED USE (266 AMAZONS) (235 AMAZONS) (207 AMAZONS) (181 AMAZONS) LAND REMAINING FOR 5,312 ACRES 6,684 ACRES 8,003 ACRES **3,765 ACRES** OTHER USES & PRESERVATION AREAS PRESERVATION AREAS Not Provided Not Provided Not Provided Provided JACKSON CREEK **GREENWAY** Provided Provided Provided Provided **JATA BUFFERS FOR Not Provided Not Provided** Provided Provided **WATERWAYS** Provided **Provided GENERATIONAL FARMS** Not Provided Provided

SCENARIO B

Same as Scenario A.

SCENARIO C

Same as Scenario B, minus

SCENARIO D

Same as Scenario C.

Plan Guiding Principles

3 aspirational and unifying themes as a foundation for plan principles and strategies.

Prosper Nurture Balance

Project Next Steps for Winter 2020/2021:

- Revise scenarios based on feedback received
- Develop a Draft Land Use Strategy to present for feedback at a public workshop
- Final revisions to the Truck Routing Network map and supporting components
- Fourth and final Steering Committee meeting