

Plan of Action for Regional Transit Northeastern Illinois

July 19, 2023



Welcome and roll call Approval of meeting minutes



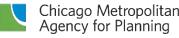
Plan of Action for Regional Transit Northeastern Illinois

July 19, 2023



Focus groups

- Chicago Plus (regional)
- Chicago Federation of Labor members (regional)
- CMAP Community Advisory Committee (regional)
- Belmont-Cragin student group (Chicago)
- Gail Borden Public Library (Kane and Cook counties)
- Chicagoland Chamber of Commerce members (regional)
- Will County Center for Community Concerns (Will County)



Focus groups: Key themes

Public transit is vital

"Public transit is a public service people need. It's a lifeline for many." And the system has many challenges

"We need more public transit service, and service that is there when people want to use it."

The fiscal crisis threatens the region's future

"The loss of that bus (due to budget cuts) [would make] it impossible for workers to get there on their own."

And it requires bold, equitable solutions

"We have to have a complete shift in our approach to public transit now."



COG/COM and County Engagement

Subregional councils:

- Councils of Governments and Councils of Mayors
- Metropolitan Mayors Caucus

Counties

- Briefings with county administrators and engineers
- Presentations at board and committee of the whole meetings







The system we want



Recap: System improvement themes



Better buses



Fare integration and affordability



Safety, security, and cleanliness



System accessibility (ADA and technology)



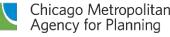
Service frequency



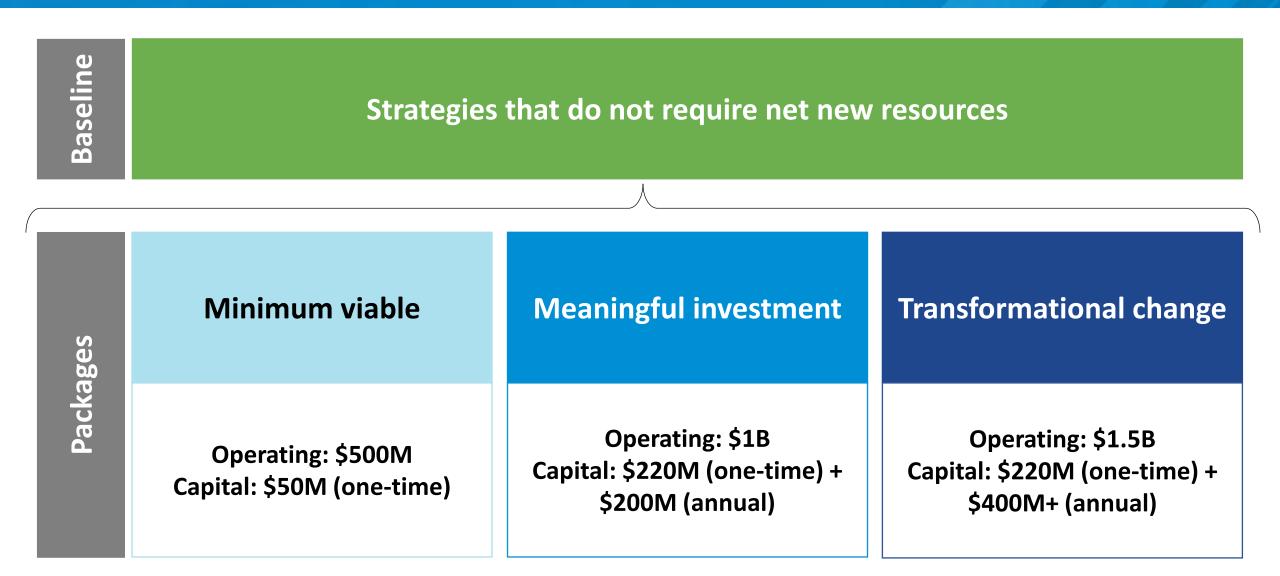
Regional rail



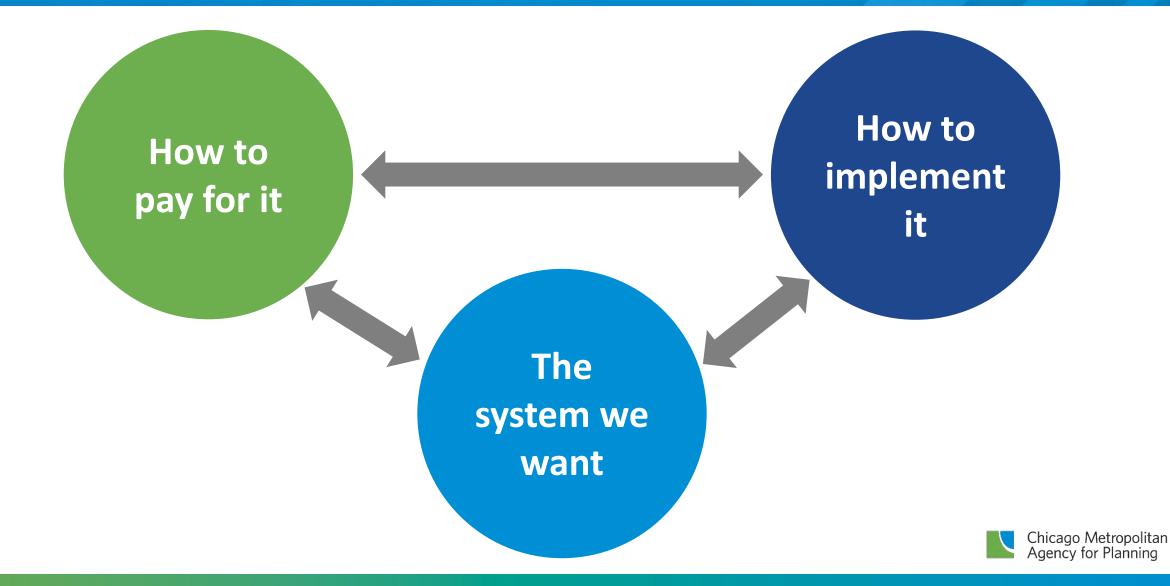
Land use and development



Recommendations scale with resources



PART topics are interrelated

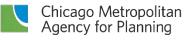




How to pay for it

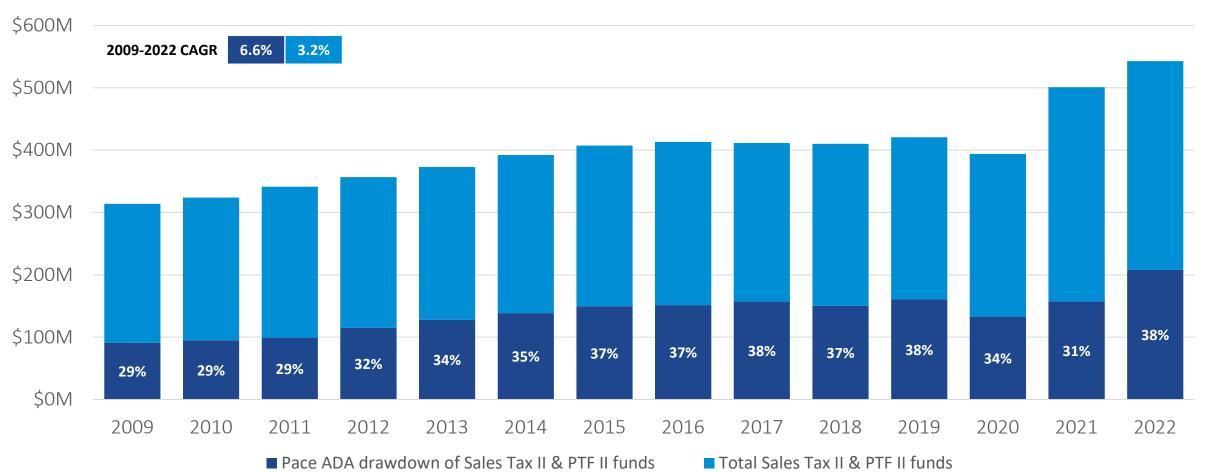
Principles for funding packages

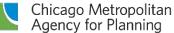
- Transit system needs to be part of the solution
- More robust state support is needed
- Stable, dedicated funding is needed for paratransit
- Expanding the sales tax base is a better solution than raising the rate
- Transportation dollars for transportation investments
- New funding sources should be equitable



Paratransit costs eroding local revenues

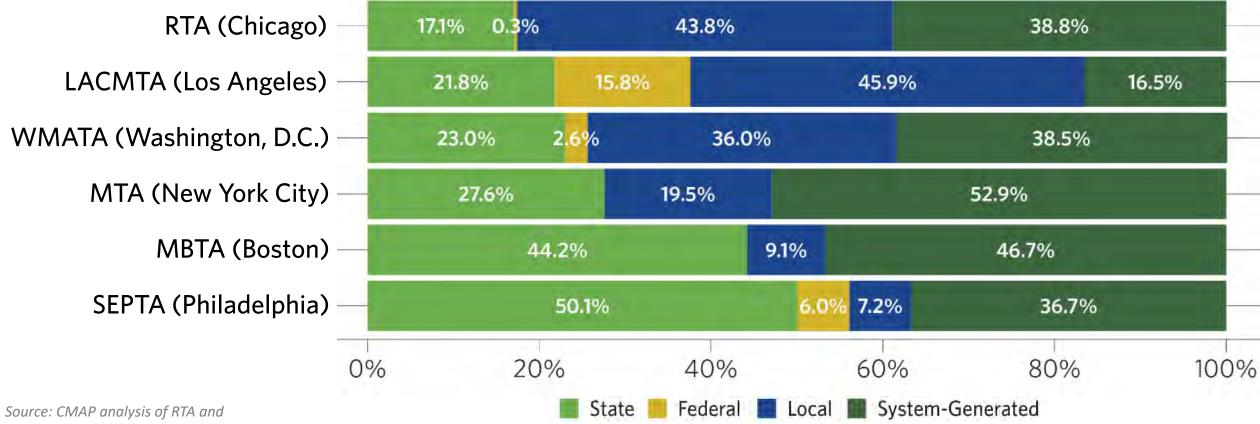
Pace ADA became a larger share of Sales Tax II & Public Transportation Fund II revenues, 2009-2022





State support for transit across large systems

Sources of operating revenues for peer regional transit systems, 2019



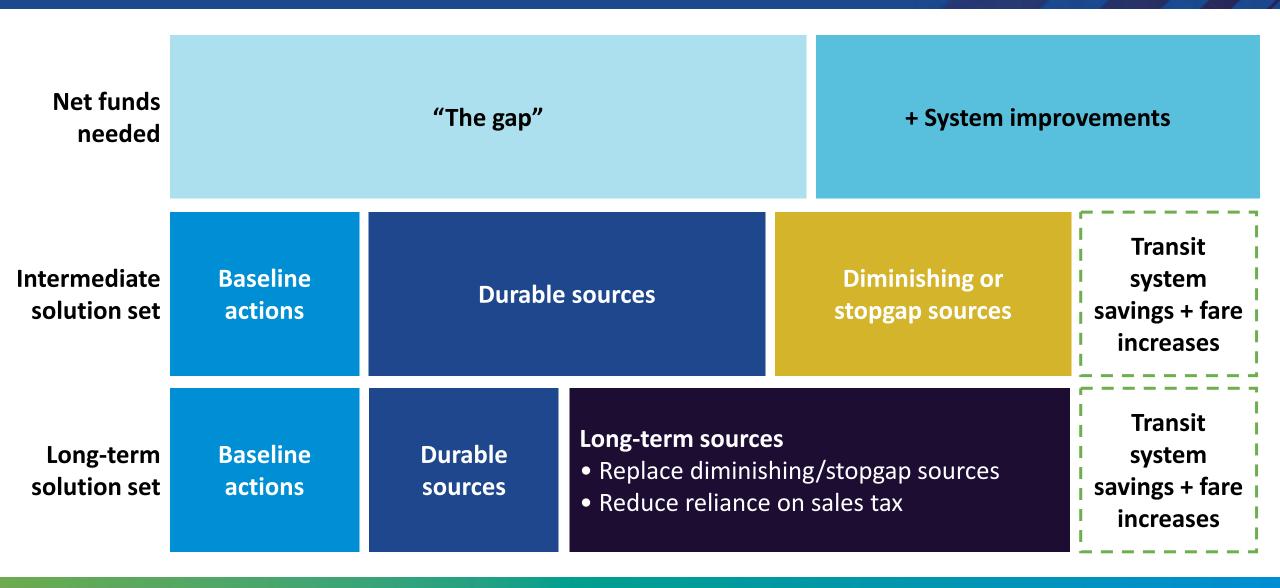
National Transit Database data.

Note: State and federal revenue sources are assistance from these levels of government. Local revenues sources include local government assistance and agency revenue from taxes and fees. System-generated revenue includes fare revenue, advertising revenues, and other agency-generated funds.

How to pay for it

Proposed packages of funding solutions to avert the fiscal cliff and build the regional transit system we want

Conceptual diagram of operating funding packages



Recap: Three levels of investment

Strategies that do not require net new resources

Minimum viable

Addresses "the gap"

Operating: \$500M Capital: \$50M (one-time) Meaningful investment

Addresses "the gap" and makes significant system improvements

Operating: \$1B Capital: \$220M (one-time) + \$200M (annual)

Transformational change

Addresses "the gap" and makes additional system improvements

Operating: \$1.5B Capital: \$220M (one-time) + \$400M+ (annual)

Baseline

Intermediate Solution Set: ~\$1.5B in new funds

Transformational investment

How to pay for it

Baseline actions

Increased state support for paratransit (cover half of annual costs) Fully fund existing state reduced fare mandates Remove state service fee on RTA sales tax

Durable sources

Expand state sales tax base – broad selection of services New sales tax state match flowing through existing formulas (broad) Increased support for paratransit (cover second half of annual costs) Expand downtown commercial parking tax (Chicago/Cook only) In-region vehicle registration surcharge (+\$20/car)

Diminishing or stopgap sources

Raise RTA sales tax in region by 0.25% Raise tolls 30% on existing Tollway facilities (excludes trucks)

* Note: Requires \$220M in one-time and \$400M+ in annual capital funds

What we could get

• Close the gap

Dollars in

millions

\$225

\$110

\$85

\$30

\$710

\$310

\$95

\$110

\$65

\$130

\$470

\$180

\$470

- Investment in frequent/reliable service
- Full fare/transfer integration, with connections to complementary systems*
- Low-income subsidy + free transit for youth
- Bus priority and BRT investments*
- New transit staff at DOTs
- On- & off-system accessibility enhancements*
- Improved wayfinding + real-time information*
- Integrated dial-a-rides
- Transit ambassadors and staff capacity
- Accelerated station renewals*
- Improved restroom access*
- "Regional rail" investments (ambitious)*
- Transit service and incentives to support TOD*
- Low-/no-cost planning & process improvements

Intermediate Solution Set: ~\$1B in new funds

Meaningful change

How to pay for it

Baseline actions

Increased state support for paratransit (cover half of annual costs) Fully fund existing state reduced fare mandates Remove state service fee on RTA sales tax

Durable sources

Expand state sales tax base – broad selection of services New sales tax state match flowing through existing formulas (broad) Increased support for paratransit (cover second half of annual costs) Expand downtown commercial parking tax (Chicago/Cook only) In-region vehicle registration surcharge (+\$20/car)

Diminishing or stopgap sources

In-region MFT surcharge (+10c/gallon)

* Note: Requires \$220M in one-time and \$200M in annual capital funds

Dollars in millions

\$225

\$110

\$85

\$30

\$710

\$310

\$95

\$110

\$65

\$130

\$90

\$90

What we could get

- Close the gap
- Investment in frequent/reliable service (reduced)
- Full fare/transfer integration, with connections to complementary systems (reduced)*
- Low-income subsidy + unified youth discounts
- Bus priority and BRT investments (reduced)*
- New transit staff at DOTs
- Accessibility enhancements (reduced)*
- Improved wayfinding + real-time information*
- Integrated dial-a-rides
- Transit ambassadors (reduced)
- Accelerated station renewals (reduced)*
- "Regional rail" investments (some corridors)*
- Incentives for TOD on public assets*
- Low-/no-cost planning & process improvements

Intermediate Solution Set: ~\$500M in new funds

Minimum viable

How to pay for it

Baseline actions

Increased state support for paratransit (cover half of annual costs) Fully fund existing state reduced fare mandates Remove state service fee on RTA sales tax

Durable sources

Expand state sales tax base – narrow selection of services New state match flowing through existing formulas (narrow) In-region vehicle registration surcharge (+\$10/car)

Diminishing or stopgap sources

None

Dollars in millions

\$225

\$110

\$85

\$30

\$350

\$220

\$65

\$65

\$0

\$0

What we could get

- Address the gap: Return to nearly pre-COVID service levels in an evolved regional transit network
- Discounted transfers between transit systems (partial integration)
- Investments to enable fare capping*
- Low-/no-cost planning & process improvements

* Note: Requires \$50M in one-time capital funds

Discussion



up to \$1,300

varies

Intermediate & long-term solution sets

Capital investments needed for improvements

Minimum viable related capital costs	Meaningful change related capital costs		Transformational investment related capital costs	
Annual: \$0 One-time: \$50 million	Annual: \$200 million One-time: \$220 million		Annual: \$400 mi One-time: \$220 n	
Short-term capital options	Dollars in millions	Med-/long-t	term capital options	Dollars in millions
MFT surcharge (+10c/gallon)	\$90	Road Usage Charge	e – MFT replacement	varies
MFT surcharge (+20c/gallon)	\$180	Road Usage Charge – congestion pricing varies		
Flex IDOT federal funds to transit capital (low)	\$100	Toll IDOT freeways		varies
Flex IDOT federal funds to transit capital (high) \$150	Introduce CBD core	don (NYC model/\$12)	up to \$765

\$450

\$180

Introduce CBD cordon (London model/\$24)

Financialize future carbon policies

Raise tolls on existing Tollway facilities 30% (+ trucks) Raise tolls on existing Tollway facilities 30% (- trucks)

Discussion





How to implement it



Evaluating governance reform



Identify current and historic challenges: past reports, stakeholder interviews, problem statements

Explore solutions: case studies, research, surveys



Draft reform options: recommendations and governance models



Refine and finalize recommendations: steering committee, CMAP Board, MPO

We are here



Governance reform requirements



Achieve goals from System We Want Maximize investments from *How to Pay for It*

Address problem statement themes



Function: Summary survey results

____ **_**

Degree of consensus	Area	Aspect
High	Fare policy	Set fare and transfer policies
		Establish revenue sharing policies
		Select payment technologies and approaches
	Financial stewardship	Set performance measures for regional priorities
		Oversight and accountability
		Set performance metrics for operational efficiencies
	Capital planning	Prioritize capital funding
Serv Moderate	Service planning/operations	Determine which markets to serve
		Set performance standards and objectives
	Capital planning	Plan for system expansion
	Capital planning	Plan for state of good repair
Low	Capital planning	Capital construction
	Somico planning (operations	Day-to-day service planning
	Service planning/operations	Operate service

Form: Options under consideration

Minimize role of RTA

Status quo

Keep structure the same, but revise funding allocation

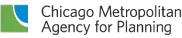
Strengthen regional entity and keep service boards

Integrate service boards into one regional agency



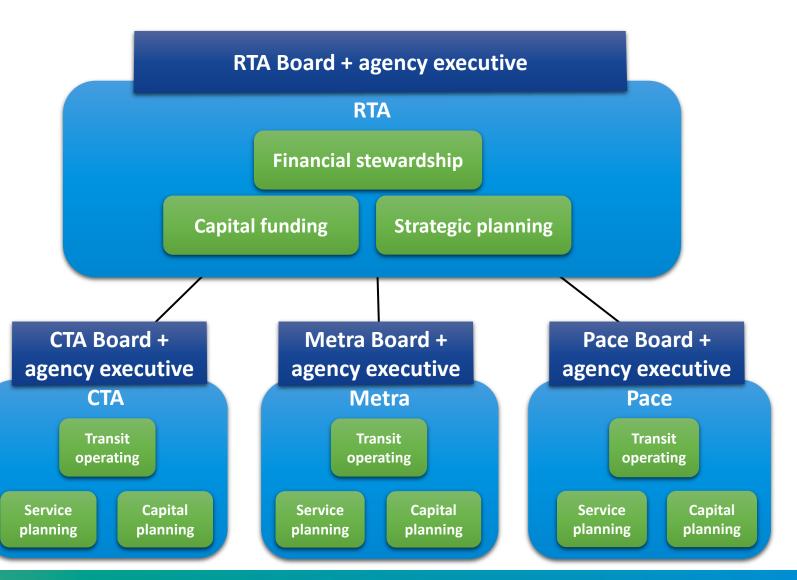
Regardless of the structure, reform should seek to...

- Better align funding allocation with regional goals
- Increase centralization of at least some transit functions
 - Fare policy, financial stewardship
- Establish more regional perspectives on the regional governing board(s)
- Provide avenues for local input
- Revisit 50% fare recovery ratio requirement
 - Lessen requirement or replace with another metric



Today's governance

- Emphasizes financial stewardship (fare recovery ratio)
- Emphasizes geographic tax equity (statutory formulas)
- RTA mandated to provide financial oversight and accountability
- Allows local control over service operations (three service boards)
- Each service board is held to account for their share of funding
- RTA serves to address needs within the region in lieu of state involvement



Governance models under consideration

Strengthen regional entity and keep service boards

- 1. Stronger coordinating agency
- 2. Regional network manager

Integrate service boards into one regional agency

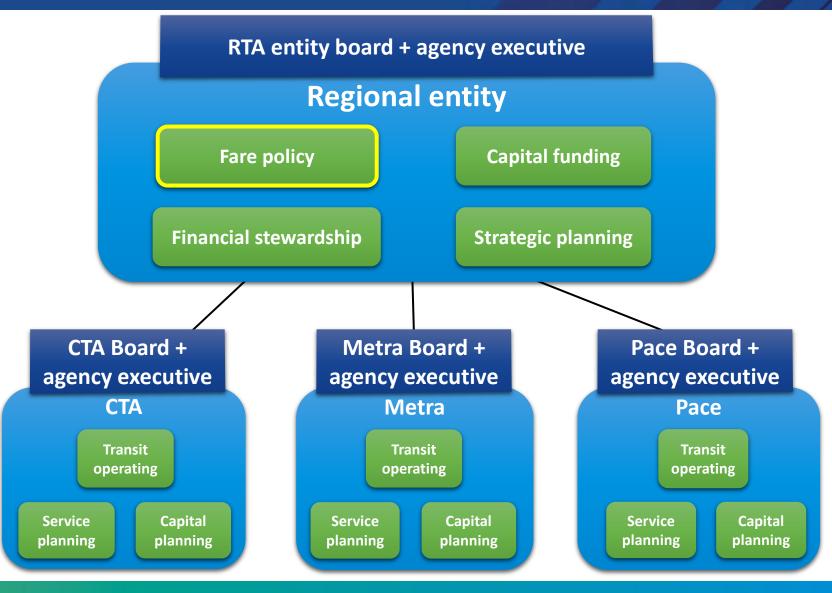
- 3. Integrated agency with committees
- 4. Unified new entity



1 Stronger coordinating agency



- HR & admin
- Selection of agency executive
- Pension
- Procurement
- Communications
- Budgeting
- Labor negotiations (where applicable)



2 Regional network manager

RTA entity board + agency executive **Regional entity Fare policy Capital planning Capital funding Financial** Funding **Regional service** planning stewardship allocation CTA Board + Metra Board + Pace Board + agency executive agency executive agency executive **CTA** Metra Pace Transit Transit Transit operating operating operating **Daily service Daily service Daily service** decisions decisions decisions

Each agency is responsible for its own:

- HR & admin
- Selection of agency executive
- Pension
- Procurement
- Communications
- Budgeting
- Labor negotiations (where applicable)

3 Integrated agency with committees

RTA entity board + agency executive

Regional entity

Regional transit functions:

- Fare policy
- Financial stewardship
- Capital planning
- Capital funding
- Service planning
- Strategic planning

Regional corporate functions

- HR & admin
- Selection of agency executive
- Pensions
- Procurement
- Communications
- Labor negotiations



4 Unified new entity

Regional board + agency executive

Regional entity

Regional transit functions

- Fare policy
- Financial stewardship
- Capital planning
- Capital funding
- Service planning
- Strategic planning

Bus Transit operations, day-today service planning **Rail** Transit operations, day-today service planning

Regional corporate functions

- HR & admin
- Selection of agency executive
- Pensions
- Procurement
- Communications
- Labor negotiations

Paratransit, On Demand Transit operations, day-to-

day service planning

Discussion





Next steps

September 6 - Final meeting (at CMAP office)

- Continue to post white papers/video presentations
- Continued Board, Service Board, stakeholder outreach
- September 13 Introduce to Board/MPO draft recommendations
- October 11 Final vote by Board/MPO



Public comment

Limited to two minutes per person, unless the Chair designates a longer or shorter time period





Thank you!

Visit **cmap.is/PART** for information and resources. LWilkison@cmap.illinois.gov

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