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### Introduction

In October 2010, CMAP released its 2040 forecast of population, households, and employment in conjunction with the publication of GO TO 2040. Base-year (2010) figures that served as the forecast foundation were derived from mid-decade estimates due to the unavailability of 2010 U.S. Census or state employment data. As 2010 data became available, it was apparent that these initial estimates for population and employment were high in many locations. As such, any adjustment of 2010 activity could impact the 2040 forecast, both in terms of regional total and sub-regional distribution. This document describes the process involved in developing the 2040 forecast update, which was undertaken in compliance with federal regulations and primarily addresses this overestimation issue in the original GO TO 2040 forecasts.

It should be noted that this adjusted forecast does not revisit original forecast methodology or assumptions; rather, it starts with the GO TO 2040 forecast as a starting point, and then:

- Corrects for the base-year error by applying the forecasted increase to the new (actual) 2010 base.
- Takes advantage of new datasets to estimate growth capacity and re-allocate forecast activity in a manner consistent with the planning principles outlined in GO TO 2040.

Table 1. Revised 2040 forecast totals for the region, counties, and the City of Chicago

|           | Population in Households |            |           |        | Households |           |         |        | Employment |           |           |        |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------|-----------|--------|------------|-----------|---------|--------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------|
|           | 2010                     | 2040       | CHANGE    | GROWTH | 2010       | 2040      | CHANGE  | GROWTH | 2010       | 2040      | CHANGE    | GROWTH |
| Cook      | 5,104,393                | 5,960,242  | 855,849   | 16.8%  | 1,966,356  | 2,304,045 | 337,689 | 17.2%  | 2,379,923  | 2,814,972 | 435,049   | 18.3%  |
| DuPage    | 904,784                  | 1,104,089  | 199,305   | 22.0%  | 337,132    | 412,100   | 74,968  | 22.2%  | 608,709    | 768,282   | 159,573   | 26.2%  |
| Kane      | 508,482                  | 789,295    | 280,813   | 55.2%  | 170,479    | 265,774   | 95,295  | 55.9%  | 186,768    | 340,509   | 153,741   | 82.3%  |
| Kendall   | 114,528                  | 228,530    | 114,002   | 99.5%  | 38,022     | 74,382    | 36,360  | 95.6%  | 22,066     | 71,830    | 49,764    | 225.5% |
| Lake      | 682,753                  | 896,341    | 213,588   | 31.3%  | 241,712    | 318,170   | 76,458  | 31.6%  | 314,717    | 401,748   | 87,031    | 27.7%  |
| McHenry   | 307,113                  | 508,918    | 201,805   | 65.7%  | 109,199    | 179,215   | 70,016  | 64.1%  | 88,947     | 153,389   | 64,442    | 72.4%  |
| Will      | 669,013                  | 1,175,218  | 506,205   | 75.7%  | 225,256    | 393,148   | 167,892 | 74.5%  | 201,854    | 437,110   | 235,256   | 116.5% |
| REGION    | 8,291,066                | 10,662,633 | 2,371,567 | 28.6%  | 3,088,156  | 3,946,835 | 858,679 | 27.8%  | 3,802,984  | 4,987,839 | 1,184,855 | 31.2%  |
|           |                          |            |           |        |            |           |         |        |            |           |           |        |
| Chicago * | 2,654,078                | 3,054,654  | 400,576   | 15.1%  | 1,052,891  | 1,220,388 | 167,497 | 15.9%  | 1,221,758  | 1,458,527 | 236,769   | 19.4%  |

\*Includes O'Hare portion in DuPage County.

Sources: U.S. Bureau of the Census (2010 Population & Households); Illinois Department of Employment Security (2010 Employment); CMAP (2040 Projections)

#### **About Forecast Geography**

This document makes frequent reference to the "subzone," which is the foundation geography for this forecast and for all CMAP travel modeling activities. For most of the CMAP region, the subzone is based on the Public Land Survey System quarter-section (a regular grid of ½-mile squares or 160 acres). In downtown Chicago (the Central Business District) subzone size is the quarter-quarter section (40 acres).

# Original (2010) Forecast

The 2040 forecast of population, households, and employment released in 2010 for the GO TO 2040 plan is the foundation of this update. The process used to develop the forecast is described in detail in the document *Socioeconomic Inventory Validation and Forecasting Method*, available on the CMAP website's <u>Population Forecast</u> web page. A brief summary of the process is provided as follows.

### **Base-Year (2010) Conditions**

Population and household data were based on the latest-available (2007) population estimates at the township level published by the U.S. Census Bureau. Totals were annualized forward to 2010, and disaggregated to the subzone level, allocating growth based on a set of regional accessibility indicators. Since the Census estimate for the City of Chicago was for the city as a whole, its total was apportioned to Community Areas based on government and private-sector reports of real estate activity.

Employment estimates were based on Employment and Wages (ES-202) data provided by the Illinois Department of Employment Security (IDES), which contains employer address, number of employees, and North American Industrial Classification System classification. Employer locations were then summarized to the subzone level. Employment growth to 2010 was annualized based on external regional economic forecasts.

#### 2040 Forecast

A reference scenario of 2040 population and employment was generated based on an extrapolation of the previously (2030 Regional Transportation Plan) adopted forecast. An "access product" was calculated based on each subzone's land value and accessibility to regional markets. This access product was then manipulated through mathematical representation of policies articulated in GO TO 2040 (i.e. brownfield redevelopment, open space protection) to alter the land value and/or accessibility of a subzone, thus changing its desirability and potential for future development. Forecasted urban activity was then reallocated to match the revised set of assumptions.

## **Forecast Update**

The remainder of this document describes the steps undertaken to generate the revised forecast.

### **Preliminary Retail Adjustment**

After the release of the GO TO 2040 forecast, corrections were made to the retail portion of overall employment. Retail employment is both measured and forecasted as a subset of total employment because it serves two purposes in travel demand modeling: as the "work" end of home-to-work trips for retail workers and as an input for generating estimates of non-work-based trips by measuring the level of retail activity in a subzone.

Generally speaking, the spatial relationship between residential areas and retail centers is greater than that between residential areas and non-retail employment centers, such as office campuses and industrial parks. A new model was developed that determined current retail potential for a subzone based on the 2010 distribution and density of households and retail employment throughout the region. This retail potential model was then applied to the forecast 2040 distribution of households to predict areas of increased retail demand.

Since the purpose of this exercise was to re-allocate forecasted retail employment to better conform with predicted residential distribution, the regional total for 2040 employment remained unchanged.

### **Establishing a New Regional Forecast Total**

The first step in the revision process was to correct the regional forecast for 2040 in terms of the new base-year total. The table below depicts the magnitude of the base-year change:

Table 2. Comparison of estimated 2010 base to actual households (U.S. Census) and employment (IDES)

|         | ı          | Households  |        | Employment |                  |        |  |  |
|---------|------------|-------------|--------|------------|------------------|--------|--|--|
|         | GO TO 2040 |             |        | GO TO 2040 |                  |        |  |  |
| County  | Estimate   | Census 2010 | % Over | Estimate   | <b>IDES 2010</b> | % Over |  |  |
| Cook    | 1,970,820  | 1,966,356   | 0.2%   | 2,551,082  | 2,379,923        | 7.2%   |  |  |
| DuPage  | 340,061    | 337,132     | 0.9%   | 628,469    | 608,709          | 3.2%   |  |  |
| Kane    | 179,702    | 170,479     | 5.4%   | 224,546    | 186,768          | 20.2%  |  |  |
| Kendall | 39,849     | 38,022      | 4.8%   | 26,765     | 22,066           | 21.3%  |  |  |
| Lake    | 250,472    | 241,712     | 3.6%   | 384,259    | 314,717          | 22.1%  |  |  |
| McHenry | 114,421    | 109,199     | 4.8%   | 123,513    | 88,947           | 38.9%  |  |  |
| Will    | 245,509    | 225,256     | 9.0%   | 229,489    | 201,854          | 13.7%  |  |  |
| TOTAL   | 3,140,834  | 3,088,156   | 1.7%   | 4,168,122  | 3,802,984        | 9.6%   |  |  |

Sources: U.S. Bureau of the Census (2010 Households); Illinois Department of Employment Security (2010 Employment); CMAP (Household and Employment Estimates)



The new forecast total was established by applying the original forecast increase in households and employment to the corrected 2010 base, or:

2040\_Updated = 2040\_Original - (2010\_Estimate - 2010\_Actual)

This approach was applied at the subzone level, generating an initial corrected forecast that adjusted for the new 2010 data. Subsequent corrections were applied to any areas where the 2010 total exceeded the forecast. These revised subzone totals were then summarized to the region level to establish the new regional forecast total.

### **Capacity Estimation**

The next step was to account for local conditions and make an estimate of total activity (household and employment) capacity in a manner consistent with the planning strategies put forth in GO TO 2040, particularly the encouragement of infill development and the preservation of open space. This was accomplished by utilizing additional datasets, such as:

- 2010 Land Use Inventory (draft), for a more accurate depiction of existing conditions and land availability
- Green Infrastructure Vision (GIV 2.0), to aid in articulating open space preservation goals
- Northeastern Illinois Development Database (NDD), for an accurate accounting of near-term growth where development was underway or imminent

Capacity (expressed as potential households and jobs that a subzone could support) was estimated as a factor of several considerations:

- Existing (2010) population and employment
- Proximity to transit
- Mixed-use redevelopment potential
- Increased residential density assumptions (via redevelopment)
- Correction for recession-affected employment
- NDD developments identified as committed or under construction
- Capacity for "available" (vacant or agricultural) land
- Green infrastructure

### **Reallocation of Forecast Activity**

Subzone capacity was compared to the base-corrected household and employment forecast totals. Subzones with forecast activity exceeding estimated capacity were lowered to atcapacity levels, with the excess shifted to nearby subzones with available capacity, so as to not contradict the goals of GO TO 2040 or to imply a change in planning assumptions. The results of the reallocation process were then reviewed by CMAP's Local Technical Assistance (LTA) staff. LTA project managers compared reallocation results at the subzone

level to project assumptions, and made corrections in areas where there was a noticeable discrepancy between the modeled output and LTA project recommendations.

### **Household Size Adjustment**

Household size assumptions were modified to correct for the GO TO 2040 base-year overestimate. This adjustment was made by holding household size for 2040 constant at the subzone level to Census 2010 rates. To ensure that rapidly-growing areas (transitioning from rural to suburban) did not automatically inherit base-year characteristics, low-density (<100 households per square mile) subzones were assigned a "smoothed" forecasted household size based on the average household size of nearby suburban-density subzones. This contributed to an additional net lowering of projected regional population growth.

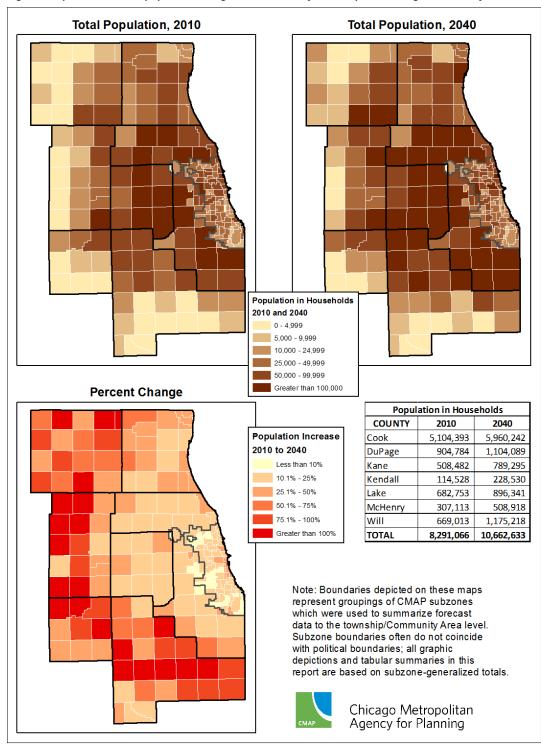


Figure 1. Updated forecast: population living in households by township and Chicago Community Area

Total Employment, 2040 Total Employment, 2010 Total Employment 2010 and 2040 88 - 2.499 2,500 - 9,999 10,000 - 24,999 25.000 - 49.999 50.000 - 74.999 75,000 - 401,401 **Percent Change Employment** COUNTY 2010 2040 2,379,923 Cook 2,814,972 DuPage 608,709 768,282 Kane 186,768 340,509 **Employment Increase** Kendall 22,066 71,830 2010 to 2040 314,717 401,748 Lake Less than 10% 153,389 McHenry 88,947 10.1% - 25% Will 201,854 437,110 25.1% - 50% TOTAL 3,802,984 4,987,839 100.1% - 250% Greater than 250% Note: Boundaries depicted on these maps represent groupings of CMAP subzones which were used to summarize forecast data to the township/Community Area level. Subzone boundaries often do not coincide with political boundaries; all graphic depictions and tabular summaries in this report are based on subzone-generalized totals. Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning

Figure 2. Updated forecast: total employment by township and Chicago Community Area

