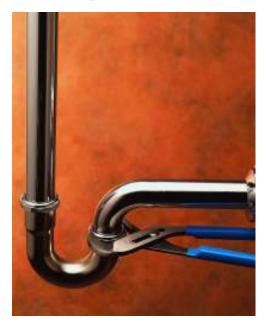


Water Conservation BMPs: System Water Audits, Leak Detection and Repair



RWSPG Meeting May 27, 2008



System Water Audits, Leak Detection and Repair

Presentation Overview

- Definitions
 - Water Audit
 - Prescreening Water Audit
- Unaccounted for water
- Benefits/Costs
- Leak Detection
- Examples
- Tools available
- Sample recommendation Statements





System Water Audits, Leak Detection and Repair **Definitions**

- What is a Water Audit?
 - Seeks to find the difference between amount of water produced versus the amount billed
- Elements of a audit include:
 - Amount of water produced
 - Amount delivered to metered users
 - Amount delivered to unmetered users
 - Amount of water loss
 - Measures to address water loss



Pre-Screening Water Audit

- Determine the difference between water produced and water sold.
- If more than 10%, move on to full scale audit including measures to address the water loss
 - Leak detection and repair procedures
- Recommended on an annual basis





Full Scale Audit

Goal is to reduce the amount of recoverable water loss...

- AWWA's Water Audit and Leak Detection Guidebook
- Effective water audits usually result in leak detection programs
 - Identify and correct problems in the distribution system
- Also could check for:
 - Accuracy of meters
 - Track unmetered use
 - Inventory of meters



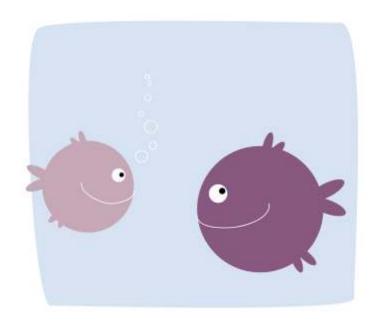
Steps for Water Audits

- Create an audit that suites and is cost effective for your utility
- Set Study Period-usually one year
- Develop a worksheet to record findings
- Compile water production and sales data
- Make adjustments as necessary



"Unaccounted for Water" Debate

- Water loss
 - Real
 - Apparent
- New terminology support by:
 - AWWA
 - CUWCC



Benefits of a Water Audit

- Timely-one day to perform
- Improved knowledge and documentation of distribution system and value/main locations (in general/emergency)
- Baseline for conservation measures
- Leak Detection to fix problems before they turn into big problems or cause significant property damage
- Reduced water losses
- Financial improvement
- More efficient use of supply
- Safeguarding pubic health and property
- Improved public relations
- Reduced legal liability
- Reduced disruption to customers





Cost of a Water Audit

- In 2006 California DWR for 47 utilities spent \$1,563,500 dollars, an average of \$33,300 per utility
- El Dorado Irrigation District, California \$95,000:
 Full system water audit and water balance performed by consultant
- Scheduled repairs versus overtime repairs



Cost of Leak Detection and Repair Program Example

- Westchester NY 1975-80
- \$48/AF saved
- \$239,052 or \$28 /AF = leak control program cost
- 498 leaks found
- Net benefit \$162,361





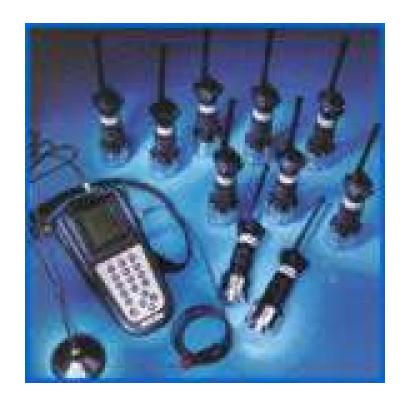
Cost Ranges for Common Types of Leak Detection Equipment

- Water leak detector
 - \$1,900 4,500
- Correlator
 - **-** \$19,900-39,000
- Correlating portable leak noise loggers
 - **-** \$20,000
- Permanent acoustic leak noise logger
 - Cost varies with quantity from 100 units @ \$600 to 3000 or more units @ \$325.



Hilo, Hawaii

- Acoustic leak noise data loggers
- Identified 251 leaks
- Represented 20 % of supply
- \$30,000 per month saving in energy in 2006





Las Vegas Valley Water District 29

- Launched an aggressive leakage control campaign in 2004
 - by installing 8,000 acoustic data loggers covering 3,000 miles of the distribution system.
 - 540 leaks have been discovered
 - Estimated identified leakage is 286.4 acre feet per month.
- \$957,000 savings in energy & treatment costs,
- \$278/AF leakage prevented from 2005-06



Water Loss Control Costs: \$ per Acre Foot

- Combined Water Audit, Leak Detection and Repair Costs
- Average cost: \$424 per acre feet
- SFPUC-\$439
- Nashville-\$318
- LADWP-\$347
- Large Western US-\$318
- Orange County Utilities Florida-\$463
- California DWR-1988 Program-\$658



Many Tools Available...

- Texas Water Development Board
 - Online worksheets
 - Audit manual
- California Urban Water Conservation Council
 - Online worksheets
 - FAQ section
 - Resource List
 - Leak Detection Equipment for member use
- American Water Works Association
 - Manual
 - Online worksheets
 - Resource List





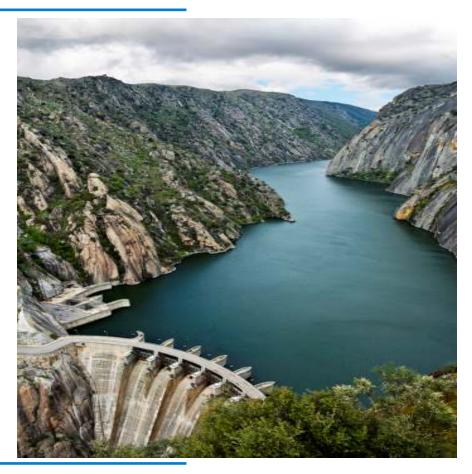
California Urban Water Conservation Council Leak Detection Programs Summary Report

- For 2006
- Whole Sale
 - Number of miles in system-3,641
 - Number of miles of pipe surveyed- 1,560
 - Percent of total-43%
- Retail
 - Number of miles in system 40, 535
 - Number of miles of pipe surveyed- 6,846
 - Percent of total-17%



Why is all this important?

- Aging Infrastructure
 - \$250 Billion in next 20 years
- Increased shortages of water
 - Atlanta, SW United States
- Projected population growth
 - 2 million more by 2030





Residential Plumbing Retrofit **Summary**

- Difference between a full and prescreening water audit
- Benefits and costs of audits
 - Save water
 - Help maintain infrastructure
- Leak Detection
- Easier to fix before a major problem
- Baseline for other conservation methods
- "You can't conserve what you can't measure!"





Sample Recommendation Statement



System Water Audits, Leak Detection and Repair Sample Recommendation Statement

Every utility should have a pre-screening water audit performed on an annual basis to assess whether an full audit is necessary.



System Water Audits, Leak Detection and Repair Sample Recommendation Statement

If a full scale audit is performed, a leak detection and repair plan must be calculated to include cost-effective solutions.



