# Manage and Conserve Water and Energy Resources

Implementation Action Area #1: Implementing Energy and Water Retrofit Programs

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Develop a	CMAP, City of	Implement the Chicago	Revise
framework for	Chicago, City of	Region Retrofit Ramp-Up	
retrofit program	Rockford	program, which was funded in	
administration		April 2010 at a level of \$25	
		million by the U.S.	
		Department of Energy (DOE).	

#### **Implementation Examples:**

- Following the awarding of a grant from DOE, CMAP contracted with the Center for Neighborhood Technology – Energy (CNT Energy) as lead implementation agency of Chicago Region Retrofit Ramp-Up (CR3), which would eventually become the <u>Energy Impact Illinois</u> (EI2) program.
- After developing an implementation plan and overall budget framework, CMAP/CNT
   Energy contracted with 15 additional subgrantee organizations to develop and deliver
   products focused on the three key barriers to energy efficiency adoption in the region: 1)
   access to information, 2) access to finance, and 3) access to a trained workforce.
- All contract procurements and grant obligations were completed by DOE deadline (11/18/2013).
- By 9/30/2013, EI2 programs across the single and multifamily residential sector completed nearly 6,100 retrofits to at or above 15 percent energy savings, resulting in an estimated \$2 million in annual energy savings among participants.
- By 9/30/2013, EI2 commercial programs will have identified nearly \$40 million in near-term energy savings project recommendations across 22 million square feet of commercial space in the Chicago region. These recommendations will be utilized to conduct retrofit work in participant buildings to decrease energy use by 20 percent over the next 5 years.

#### Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• As of 9/30/2013, the initial period of performance for the EI2 grant is complete. Both the Delta Single-Family Residential and Energy Savers Multifamily Residential program will continue offering financing through EI2 into the near future through a no-cost grant extension until November 2014. The other aspects of the implementation phase of the grant (e.g., web portal development, communication strategy, workforce intermediary development, and other finance programs) have all been completed. For the near term, CMAP will maintain its lead role in helping the remaining financing programs continue to issues energy efficiency loans, but will not be pursuing further implementation work in energy efficiency.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Provide a	State (DCEO),	Support the development and delivery of	Retain
financial	municipalities,	financing products targeted across retrofit	
framework for	utilities, lending	customer segments. Help support a market	
retrofit	institutions	transformation to broaden retrofit demand and	
programs		to give private lenders the confidence to lend to	
		customers for energy efficiency measures.	
		Provide case study data that shows that energy	
		savings are an effective and dependable cash	
		flow stream that can be used to secure loans.	
		Utilities and municipalities should emulate	
		programs as the ones the Illinois Department of	
		Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO)	
		is currently administering for financing energy	
		and water efficiencies by partnering with	
		retailers to conduct rebate programs to replace	
		appliances/fittings with more efficient models.	

- Energy Impact Illinois, in partnership with DCEO, local utilities, and other key stakeholders as part of the EI2 Retrofit Steering Committee, developed and deployed four energy efficiency finance programs across multiple building sectors during the fall of 2011.
- Energy Savers Multifamily Program Administered by the Community Investment Corporation (CIC) and CNT Energy, this program utilized EI2 funding and built upon their already successful multifamily retrofitting program that provides financing, technical assistance, construction oversight, and annual performance monitoring for participating building owners. Through 9/30/2013, Energy Savers will have loaned out more than \$3 million to local building owners and retrofitted close to 2,600 units to at least 15 percent energy savings annually.
- Delta Residential Retrofit Program This \$3.5 million program managed by the Delta Institute provides low-cost competitive financing for single-family homeowners who own 1-4 unit buildings in the Chicago region. Homeowners who take part in this program can complete comprehensive energy efficiency upgrades, which includes insulation and air sealing repair, furnace/boiler and air conditioning replacements, and Energy Star appliance upgrades, to achieve at least 15 percent energy savings in their homes. In addition to financing, a limited-time \$1,750 rebate incentive toward the cost of a home retrofit was available from August 2012 to September 2013, which drove extensive demand in the program and allowed for the completion of over 3,000 home retrofits in the region.
- **IFF Non-profit Retrofit Program** Non-profit organizations looking to make energy efficiency improvements were able to take advantage of low-interest loans and specific project-related incentives to make energy efficiency improvements to their buildings. Over the course of this program, 19 non-profit organizations representing 400,000 square

- feet of commercial space participated in the audit phase of the program. Nine of these organizations moved forward with comprehensive retrofits of their buildings to at least 15 percent energy savings and utilized \$2.4 million in private investment available through IFF to make these improvements.
- SCIenergy Commercial/Industrial Program SCIenergy was contracted to provide over \$1 million in technical assistance funding to conduct commercial/industrial energy efficiency predevelopment studies for a number of commercial sites within the CMAP region. These predevelopment studies were the first step for accessing SCIenergy's innovative Managed Energy Services Agreement (MESA) an energy efficiency financing model that provides investment capital for major infrastructure improvements to commercial properties to create cost savings while still meeting the comfort and service obligations of the tenants' lease agreements. Through this effort, SCIenergy helped identify \$11.4 million in near-term efficiency opportunities across over 5.5 million square feet of commercial space, and is currently working with participant organizations to move forward with its MESA model.

#### Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• Both the Delta Residential Retrofit Program and the Energy Savers Multifamily Retrofit Program will continue under EI2 until at least November 2014 through a no-cost grant extension with DOE. Through its agreement with DOE and ARRA requirements for the grant, CMAP must maintain federal requirements with regard to reflowing funds produced by these programs (from loans that were made during the grant period). DOE will provide more guidance on long-term use of these funds over the coming year.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Increase	State, trade	Develop a regional training center for	Revise
access to a	associations,	certified efficiency work. Establish	
trained	community	consistent standards and certifications	
workforce	colleges,	for workers and contractors and create	
	Workforce	a network to match building owners	
	Investment	with certified contractors. Create a	
	Boards	"central broker" to match trained job-	
		seekers to businesses seeking certified	
		workers.	

- Energy Impact Illinois (EI2) created just over 100 jobs over the 3-year cycle of the program, including both skilled trade and professional jobs.
- Centers for New Horizons (CNH), an EI2 contractor, held several roundtables promoting the program and informing contractors of qualifications required to participate in the EI2 program.
- CNH, working with Chicago Jobs Council (CNT Energy's program implementation subcontractor), also developed an inventory of training centers and educational opportunities available for contractors seeking energy efficiency specialization training.
- CNT Energy developed a contractor model to assist contractors with completing necessary rebate paperwork, and also provided educational opportunities and staff support for improved quality of work.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• A number of agencies – Chicago Jobs Council, Center for Green Technology, as well as some private contracting firms – have started this type of work. Instead of "develop" and "create," this action should be revised to acknowledge work started and ongoing.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Increase access	Chicago Regional	Develop a regional information center	Retain
to information	Retrofit Steering	for connecting building owners to	
concerning	Committee	qualified contractors and financial	
retrofits	(DCEO, CMAP,	products, conduct outreach via	
	City of Chicago,	community-based/trade associations	
	utilities,	and Chambers of Commerce, use	
	nonprofits)	energy audits and web-based	
		applications to provide information to	
		building owners, and introduce	
		marketing and branding strategies for	
		retrofits. Expand the use of financing	
		that is already available, such as the	
		funding from the EEPS.	

- The EI2 website (<a href="http://energyimpactillinois.org">http://energyimpactillinois.org</a>) serves as a clearinghouse for information about energy efficiency upgrades, rebates, and financing.
- The EI2 call center serves as the primary point of contact for residents and was promoted as the only phone number a City of Chicago resident could call to participate in the Retrofit Chicago program.
- The EI2 Road Maps developed as part of the contract with PositivEnergy Practice provided commercial office spaces with a step-by-step, investment-case scenario designed to help buildings achieve a 20 percent energy reduction commitment made as part of their participation in the Retrofit Chicago Commercial Buildings Initiative.

#### Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• Many of the implementation examples mentioned above will continue to be maintained and updated for the near future. As part of its EI2 work, CNT Energy will be responsible to provide new information on energy efficiency that becomes available in the region.

#### Implementation Action Area #2: Integrating Land Use Planning and Resource Conservation

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Create model	CMAP	Assist communities in amending or	Retain
codes/ordinances		adopting codes for water conservation by	
		providing ordinance language and related	
		resources. Assist implementation by	
		making available guidance for model	
		review processes.	

## **Implementation Examples:**

- In 2011, CMAP used its <u>model ordinance</u> for water conservation to guide development of a <u>conservation program and ordinance</u> in the Village of Orland Park as part of an LTA project.
- The Metropolitan Planning Council, working with CMAP, undertook an outdoor lawn watering conservation <u>ordinance</u> development effort with the municipalities that are part of the Northwest Water Planning Alliance.
- CMAP supported the City of Chicago's efforts to introduce an energy benchmarking and disclosure ordinance as a means of tracking energy usage city-wide, which passed the City Council on September 11, 2013.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

CMAP's model water-use conservation ordinance, published in 2010, remains relevant
and should continue to be of value as a guide to communities who wish to update their
water-related codes and ordinances.

Action	Lead Implementers	Specifics	Retain/Revise/ Complete/Delete
Accelerate use of efficient appliances/fixtures through green code adoption	Counties, Municipalities	Amend ordinances to reflect requirements of the Illinois Energy Efficiency Building Act and expand on it to include items such as appliances and fixtures. Utilize Energy Star Portfolio Manager/Energy Performance Indicator or other performance indicators for energy efficiency review in commercial and residential buildings.	Revise

# Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• The federal government typically sets appliance standards, not counties or municipalities. The "Lead Implementers" should be revised accordingly.

Action	Lead Implementers	Specifics	Retain/Revise/ Complete/Delete
Provide technical assistance to local governments	State (DCEO), CMAP	Encourage incorporation of sustainability plans or codes in local planning practices during energy-related grant award processes by prioritizing funding to communities that have taken these initiatives. Allocate funding for the development of green codes. CMAP should offer conservation coordination assistance to communities that wish to employ water conservation practices.	Revise

- Through its LTA program, CMAP has developed water conservation plans in Evanston (<u>Evanston Water Conservation and Efficiency Plan</u>) and Oak Park (<u>Oak Park Water Conservation and Efficiency Plan</u>) as well as <u>a new water conservation code</u> for the Village of Orland Park.
- MPC, CMAP, and the DuPage Water Commission completed a four-part educational workshop series for water conservation managers and others interested in water conservation. The team then selected the Village of Westmont as the recipient of water conservation implementation assistance, which is expected over 2013-14.
- CMAP energy staff assisted in the development of a number of LTA sustainability plans

   for example, <u>Park Forest</u> providing specific information about energy efficiency opportunities for communities to implement as part of a sustainability plan.
- CMAP staff has led a strategic planning exercise with the Northwest Water Planning Alliance (NWPA) that will position the NWPA to achieve its mission in 2014 and beyond.
- Partnering with the Center for Neighborhood Technology (CNT), CMAP worked with the IDNR Office of Water Resource's Lake Michigan Allocation Program office to improve understanding of permittee water loss challenges and practices.

#### Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

Water-related LTA work will remain of interest to communities as either a standalone
project or an adjunct to other types of planning assistance. However, the "Specifics"
language might benefit from revision. The wording "conservation coordination
assistance" suggests a type of expertise that CMAP currently lacks and is unlikely to add
until sustainable funding can be secured. Rather, CMAP should offer technical
assistance and/or resources when possible to communities that wish to employ water
conservation and efficiency practices, programs, and policies.

Action	Lead Implementers	Specifics	Retain/Revise/ Complete/Delete
Promote rainwater harvesting for non-potable indoor uses	State, counties, municipalities, nonprofits	Local governments should ensure that existing regulations do not prohibit the indoor handling of rainwater. Collaborate in executing informational/demonstrational efforts for the implementation of rainwater harvesting. Amend ordinances and codes accordingly.	Retain

• Public Act <u>97-0852</u> was passed in 2012 to require the Illinois Department of Public Health to modernize the Illinois Plumbing Code to better protect natural resources, for example by developing standards for reuse of non-potable water.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• Once a revised Illinois Plumbing Code takes affect and rainwater harvesting for nonpotable indoor use no longer requires a code variance, CMAP could develop a paper that offers rationale, examples, and guidance for support and implementation of this action. Such activity will be most useful in groundwater-dependent communities.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Increase	State (IDNR),	Encourage Lake Michigan Service	Revise
commitment to	CMAP	Region permittees to develop	
conservation in		conservation plans and set	
the Lake		conservation targets that can be	
Michigan		reported to IDNR. Encourage annual	
Service Region		water audit reports that follow the	
		International Water Association and	
		American Water Works Association	
		standard water balance protocol while	
		eliminating the maximum unavoidable	
		loss allowance. Conserving Lake	
		Michigan water by individual	
		permittees is in the interest of the	
		region because it would potentially	
		make Lake Michigan water available to	
		more communities. Permittees should	
		make information available online to	
		encourage increased engagement in	
		conservation activities. CMAP should	
		use its relationships and access to	
		communities to assist IDNR with	
		outreach efforts to achieve these	
		recommendations. CMAP should	
		develop a reporting	
		framework/template for communities	
		to demonstrate water management	
		activities to the Lake Michigan	
		Management Section. CMAP should	
		encourage communities to publicize	
		their water conservation milestones.	

- A rule <u>proposed</u> by IDNR in Spring 2013 meets many of the specific recommendations of this action area, including elimination of the maximum unavoidable loss allowance and encouraging water conservation by Lake Michigan users.
- CMAP is collaborating with the IDNR Office of Water Resources through an LTA project to evaluate the reasons for water loss at specific utilities in the region and propose conservation strategies, a project expected to continue through 2013.
- In 2011, the City of Chicago initiated a 10-year <u>water main replacement plan</u> to replacement 900 miles of mains. Replacement of aged mains should reduce water losses due to leakage.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• IDNR's proposed changes to rules and regulations, to be complete by mid-2014, will very likely result in an annual water audit form that is compatible with the IWA/AWWA water balance table. Any progress with permittees regarding conservation, however, will likely require the full support and follow-through of IDNR on the conservation-related conditions of permitting; most permittees are highly unlikely to do anything that isn't required by IDNR. The emphasis, therefore, should be on strengthening CMAP's working relationship with IDNR in order to most effectively reach permittees.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Identify and	State (ISWS,	CMAP should lead a	Revise
protect sensitive	ISGS), CMAP,	collaboration to identify SARAs,	
recharge areas	counties,	prioritize those most important	
	municipalities	for protection, and develop and	
		disseminate model ordinances	
		to ensure their preservation.	

 As part of <u>Water 2050</u>, CMAP developed an initial identification of sensitive aquifer recharge areas based on an earlier effort in McHenry County. This initial work was incorporated into the green infrastructure mapping that CMAP developed in collaboration with Chicago Wilderness in 2011-12 (the Green Infrastructure Vision, available at <a href="http://www.cmap.illinois.gov/green-infrastructure">http://www.cmap.illinois.gov/green-infrastructure</a>).

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• It is now up to county-level or municipal decision makers to produce a policy response. Remove CMAP from the Lead Implementers column and revise Specifics accordingly.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Encourage the	State (DCEO),	Use planning grant programs to assist	Revise
integration of	CMAP	communities in incorporating resource	
resource		conservation in local comprehensive	
conservation in		planning. Encourage communities to	
land use planning		indicate available future water	
		supplies for projected population	
		growth in comprehensive plans.	

- A number of projects undertaken through CMAP's LTA program have focused on resource conservation in land use planning, including the <u>Village of Lakemoor</u> <u>Comprehensive Plan</u> and especially the <u>Village of Campton Hills Comprehensive Plan</u>, which recommended strategies for protecting water supplies and preventing degradation of important natural resources, among others.
- Completed in 2012, the <u>Recommendations for Integrated Water Resources Planning in Lake Zurich</u> report analyzes the Village's land use policies for their impact on water resources.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• Communities using Lake Michigan water know their available supply of water as they each have an allocation set for 20 years. In contrast, groundwater-dependent communities are typically not equipped to know or indicate available future supply. Rather, they assume water will be available and/or develop new wells to ensure future water supply. Revise the last sentence of the "Specifics" column accordingly.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Delete
Adopt policies to	Municipalities,	Water utilities should require large-scale	Revise
encourage	water utilities	projects to seek water neutrality. Project	
attainment of zero		sponsors should work with utilities to set an	
water		annual water budget following an audit that	
footprints/water		identifies water saving mechanisms. Project	
neutrality for large		operators should then adhere to the water	
scale projects		budget. If the budget is exceeded, as	
		determined by water billing triggers,	
		operators would contribute to local	
		conservation efforts to offset that amount	
		elsewhere in the system.	

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• It is highly unlikely that a water utility would require this action until such time as supply scarcity becomes a reality. In the meantime, there are other more practical strategies that a water utility might pursue to affect efficiency and conservation-oriented behavior. Furthermore, a water-neutrality policy position might best be implemented at a subregional or regional scale to create an even playing field and eliminate competitive pressures that municipalities are sensitive to. Also, this is likely to be a corporate-driven strategy to fit a corporate mission.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Delete
Implement urban	Counties,	Adopt minimum standards for tree	Revise
and community	municipalities,	coverage in development projects along	
forestry programs	park districts	with tree preservation and maintenance	
		regulations. Undertake these programs	
		through park districts in public sites.	
		Incentives should be provided for	
		residents to plant trees, such as	
		discounted sales and/or planting	
		assistance.	

- In October 2013, Openlands <u>launched</u> an urban forestry initiative in the City of Chicago. The project is funded by a \$500,000 grant from the MacArthur Foundation, and will plant 5,000 trees through 2015.
- The Metropolitan Mayors Caucus provides grants to municipalities through the Mitigating Emerald Ash Borer Impacts on the Urban Forest program. The \$491,500 in funds awarded in 2013 support reforestation, technical assistance, and wood utilization programs.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• Consider broadening the language in the "Specifics" column to include a wider range of urban forestry programs. Update the "Lead Implementers" correspondingly.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Delete
Use green infrastructure practices to manage stormwater in new development and redevelopment	Counties, municipalities	Ensure that stormwater management using green infrastructure is integrated in the planning and design phase of development projects. Use infill or redevelopment as opportunities to promote retrofits with green infrastructure in developed areas. Require maintenance plans in the stormwater management permitting process that specify maintenance activities and indicate responsible parties. These plans should be transferrable with property deeds.	Revise

# Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

- This is sound policy, but terms such as "ensure" and "require" suggest that codes and
  ordinances are in place to ensure and/or require such practices. In most places, they are
  not.
- Also, consider adding IEPA to the list of "Lead Implementers".

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Delete
Implement green	Counties,	Watershed plans for developed areas	Revise
infrastructure	municipalities	should identify potential green	
retrofits		infrastructure retrofits, such as rain	
		gardens, green streets, parking lot	
		bioretention, and so forth. These plans	
		should be used to help secure capital	
		funding for retrofits.	

- Three <u>watershed plans</u> produced by CMAP in 2011 made recommendations for green infrastructure retrofits. And a watershed plan to be completed in 2014 will make these types of recommendations.
- The <u>Chi-Cal Rivers Fund</u> is a new grant opportunity focused on river restoration projects in the Chicago and Calumet region, and will focus on green infrastructure projects that increase stormwater storage capacity, among other project types. Approximately \$1.1 million was available through the 2013 <u>request for proposals</u>.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

 Add private property owners and homeowner associations to the list of "Lead Implementers."

## Implementation Action Area #3: Pricing

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Utilize full	Illinois	Municipalities should decouple water	Revise
cost pricing to	Commerce	utility budgets from the municipal	
incentivize	Commission,	general revenue fund and ensure that	
more efficient	CMAP,	revenues collected from water billing	
water use and	municipalities,	meet capital and operations and	
to fund	utilities	maintenance (O & M) budgets.	
conservation		Utilities should implement metering	
programs		and appropriate bill designs. Utilities	
		should ensure that bills reflect the full	
		cost of treatment and delivery of	
		water. CMAP should offer technical	
		assistance on conservation pricing	
		and rate-setting.	

## **Implementation Examples:**

CMAP worked with the Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant and the University of Illinois
 Extension to develop the <u>Full-Cost Water Pricing Guidebook</u> in 2012. This resource helps
 make the case for full-cost pricing to water utilities and elected boards in the region.
 Since publication, staff have been holding workshops and conducting technical
 assistance to encourage the adoption of full-cost pricing.

#### Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• Remove CMAP from the "Lead Implementers."

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Institute stormwater utility fees	Counties, municipalities	Local governments with stormwater management responsibilities should charge dedicated user fees to property owners to cover the costs of maintaining stormwater infrastructure. Such fees should be directly linked to the amount of impervious area on a site. With these revenues in hand, local governments should consider taking maintenance responsibility for stormwater infrastructure on private property, as property owners may not be willing or	Retain
		able to do so.	

- CMAP published "<u>The Value of Stormwater Utilities for Local Governments in the Chicago Region</u>" in 2013 to help explain the benefits of stormwater utilities.
- The General Assembly passed <u>HB 1522</u> to allow DuPage and Peoria Counties to implement stormwater utility fees, which was signed into law as Public Act 98-0335 in 2013.
- In January 2013, the Village of Downers Grove became the latest municipality to institute a stormwater utility fee. Other municipalities are investigating the viability of setting up a stormwater utility.

#### Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• This is an appropriate and defensible policy position.

# Implementation Action Area #4: Funding

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Use State	State (IEPA)	Develop criteria that prioritize	Revise
Revolving Funds		PWSLP to utilities that adopt full-	
as mechanism for		supply cost pricing structures in their	
implementing		water billing. Require that water	
water conservation		supply utilities develop conservation	
measures		plans that set annual water use targets	
		to be reported to IEPA as a condition	
		for granting loans.	

# **Implementation Examples:**

# Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• IEPA is not likely to be (nor should it be) the driver for requiring conservation plans of water supply utilities as a condition for granting a loan. Consider revising the "Lead Implementers."

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Use the	State (IEPA)	Utilize the 20 percent of the State	Revise
Green Project		Revolving Funds for water and	
Reserve for		energy efficiency projects, such as	
energy and		retrofits to pumps and treatment	
water		processes, irrigation equipment,	
efficiencies		reuse of rainwater/stormwater, leak	
		detection equipment, and on-site	
		clean power production.	

• In September 2013, CMAP began discussions with IEPA on how to improve the distribution of incentive dollars for manufacturing pumps in wastewater treatment facilities.

# Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• Illinois now offers the Clean Water Initiative, so the 20 percent threshold may longer be appropriate.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Implement	Counties,	Contract with private ESCOs to	Revise
Energy	municipalities,	identify energy savings potential.	
Performance	utilities	Offer cost sharing or loans for	
Contracting		property owners for improvements to	
		be paid by consequent cost savings	
		resulting from the installation of	
		energy efficient equipment and	
		fixtures. ESCOs provide guarantees	
		that cost savings will be attained; if	
		not, they pay the difference.	

• DCEO, which is responsible for leading much of the public sector investment in energy efficiency throughout the state, offers the <a href="Energy Performance Contracting Program">Energy Performance Contracting Program</a> that utilizes the ESCO model through its Illinois Energy Now program.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• The above implementation example (ESCOs) is one of multiple options that are available to counties and municipalities, and is not without some criticism. Consider adding other options in the recommendation to counties and municipalities, and acknowledging the key role for DCEO in this area.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Pursue	State (General	Explore the use of PACE financing,	Retain
innovative	Assembly,	Green Loan Programs, New Market Tax	
financing	IFA), counties,	Credits, Energy Efficiency Ratings	
mechanisms	municipalities,	Incentives, revolving loan funds and	
for retrofits	utilities,	loan pools, etc. for funding energy and	
	lenders	water efficiency programs. Form	
		partnerships required to implement	
		these programs with utilities, lending	
		institutions and contractors.	

 Local gas and electric utilities have partnered with AFCFirst Financial Corporation to bring on-bill financing to consumers who wish to make energy efficiency improvements to their homes. Participants are able to purchase high-efficiency products like appliances or HVAC equipment through their local utilities and pay back the cost over time through their monthly bills. More information can be found at the following website: <a href="http://www.ilenergyloan.com">http://www.ilenergyloan.com</a>.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

New financing mechanisms for energy efficiency should be encouraged. EI2 brought a
new product to market in the region and was very successful (although it included
financial incentives). Standalone loan programs will continue to struggle as long as the
economy remains weak.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Establish	Federal	Address greenhouse gas emissions	Retain
comprehensive	(Congress)	economy-wide by such actions as	
energy and		improving the carbon content of fuels,	
climate change		reducing industrial emissions, and	
policy		limiting emissions from electricity	
		generation, as well as establishing	
		policies to promote energy	
		conservation and renewable energy.	
		The federal government should have a	
		strong role in this area.	

• Recent U.S. EPA <u>regulatory initiatives</u> have focused on greenhouse gas emissions.

# Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• This continues to be a broad, long-range goal in the energy and climate change policy area.

# Implementation Action Area #5: Local Governments as Early Adopters of Sustainable Practices

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Implement green	Counties,	Local governments in the region should	Retain
infrastructure	forest preserve	implement green infrastructure	
demonstration	and	demonstration projects with regular	
projects	conservation	performance monitoring to further	
	districts,	evaluate the applicability of such	
	municipalities,	measures to local conditions. They	
	park districts	should utilize available staff and	
		technical expertise/resources to construct	
		and maintain green infrastructure	
		facilities and perform seasonal	
		monitoring, modifying designs to adapt	
		to local conditions as necessary. Local	
		governments should partner with	
		developers in establishing	
		demonstration projects by offering	
		financial assistance/cost share with	
		construction costs.	

## **Implementation Examples:**

- CMAP energy staff assisted in the development of a number of LTA sustainability plans
   for example, <u>Park Forest</u> providing specific information about energy efficiency opportunities for communities to implement as part of a sustainability plan.
- CMAP energy staff provided insight and guidance on the energy efficiency section during the development of the Will County Sustainability Plan.

## Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• This action remains a priority for CMAP and the region.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Utilize green	State (IDOT,	All governmental bodies that	Retain
infrastructure	IDNR), counties,	undertake construction	
practices in all	forest preserve	activities should implement	
public improvement	and conservation	policies that require the use of	
projects	districts,	site-appropriate green	
	municipalities,	infrastructure practices for	
	school and park	stormwater management.	
	districts		

The Chicago Department of Transportation's 2013 edition of its <u>Complete Streets</u>
 <u>Guidelines</u> includes green infrastructure related to landscaping of medians and excess
 pavement. CDOT's "<u>Chicago Forward</u>" report from September 2012 highlights the
 Cermak/Blue Island sustainable streetscape project, a 1.5-mile project that incorporates
 landscaping, stormwater best practices, lighting efficiency, and other green
 infrastructure features.

# Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• This action remains a priority for CMAP and the region.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Consolidate water supply and wastewater treatment services to achieve energy efficiencies and	COGs	Local governments should investigate coordinating or consolidating water utilities to enhance cost-effectiveness and lower financial risks. The expansion of existing water supply plants should he apply solves the development.	Revise
economies of scale		be emphasized over the development of smaller plants for individual utilities. A common funding stream for plant expansion could be obtained by tapping into collective resources.	

# Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

- COGs may not be the appropriate "Lead Implementer" for utility consolidation. It will likely take a municipal-run system reaching out to neighbors to begin such a discussion.
- Further, while energy efficiency may be a potential benefit, it is not likely to be driver. CMAP could provide a support role then, but an engineering company will likely be the more appropriate player in a "next step" exploration of an opportunity.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Consider devoting	Municipalities	Municipalities often receive free	Delete
the cost of power		electric service by utilities as	
under franchise		compensation for granting the	
agreements to		franchise privilege of using the	
retrofit and rebate		municipality's public rights of	
programs instead		way for the delivery of electricity.1	
		Discussion should be initiated to	
		use the funds instead for retrofit	
		and rebate programs.	

# Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

• It may not be realistic to expect municipalities to automatically invest cost savings into energy efficiency in their localities. Many municipalities have strained budgets and would keep these cost savings for discretionary use.

 $^1\,\text{ComEd, Get rate information through tariff documents, under "Rider FCA - Franchise Cost Additions," see \\ \underline{\text{http://tinyurl.com/2eqkzwk}}.$ 

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Utilize renewable	Municipalities,	Municipal utilities should seek to	Delete
energy generation in	utilities	employ solar and wind energy to	
water utilities		generate all or part of the power	
		required for utility operations.	
		Unused power can be sold back	
		to the grid.	

#### Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

- Utilities will be better served to develop a conservation and efficiency program for their customer base until "demand hardening" takes place (i.e., the point at which most discretionary use has been minimized or eliminated). An emphasis on waste reduction both at the consumer as well as utility level will further delineate a consistent level of demand. Such strategies will help to prevent the establishment of a renewable energy production system that is oversized.
- Renewables at a municipal level, or even at a municipal utility level, are going to have much lower economies of scale than a large investor-owned utility. Also, energy efficiency action should always be taken before building and sizing a renewable energy project every kilowatt saved leads to a renewable project that is more cost effective.

Action	Lead	Specifics	Retain/Revise/
	Implementers		Complete/Delete
Develop energy and	Municipalities	Communities should develop a	Revise
water efficiency and		baseline analysis of energy and water	
conservation		use, broadly identify potential	
strategies		efficiency and conservation measures,	
		and analyze the feasibility of	
		implementing them, including the	
		availability of financing. This strategy	
		should be used as an input to local	
		comprehensive planning and as a	
		guide to implementation.	

 Published in June 2011, "PlanIt Green: A Sustainability Plan for Oak Park and River Forest" includes numerous baseline metrics, including information on energy consumption. The report was prepared by Seven Generations Ahead and Delta for Oak Park-River Forest Community Foundation.

# Rationale for Retain/Revise/Complete/Delete Assessment:

Update the "Lead Implementers" list. CMAP's role in water efficiency/conservation can
be to support municipalities through influential entities such as the IDNR Office of
Water Resource's Lake Michigan Allocation Program and the Northwest Water Planning
Alliance. Otherwise, CMAP will continue to work one-on-one with communities who
apply for local technical assistance, assuming there is funding to support this type of
work.